TERMS OF THE CONSTITUTION

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COMMUNICATIONS must be accompanied by the true name and address of the writer, in order to receive attention. Rejected manuscripts will not be returned.

CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Ga.

A STATE WHISKY TAX.

Thomasville is engaged in unraveling a very knotty question. The tax collector of Thomas county has received instructions to collect a tax of $25 from each and every person that sold liquor in this county in 1876, and also the same amount for this year, 1877, making $50. In addition he is instructed to collect $25 from every one who sold alcoholic bitters or brandy fruit for 1876 and the same amount for 1877, making $50 more, thus taxing many men $100 in a lump. This decision may be correct as applied to those who sell liquor or bitters beyond the limits of an incorporated town or city, but the Enterprise thinks it is decidedly wrong as applied to Thomasville. The revised charter of Thomasville, "approved March 3, 1874," section 16, gives the mayor and council "the exclusive right to grant license to retail liquors in said town, and in fact places the whole matter of liquor selling under the control of the town authorities." The charter, the Enterprise says, is a state law, and can not be repealed or modified by implication, it can only be done by a positive enactment for that purpose, and to hold, as the decision of the comptroller general seems to do, that a clause in a general tax act can thus repeal a right granted by charter is, it thinks, absurd. The Enterprise fears that anxiety to raise the revenue had more to do with this decision than regard for the law, and would like to see the matter tested in the courts.

HOBART PASHA, who ran the blockade at Galatz in his little iron-clad gunboat, is an old hand at the business. When the civil war between the states broke out he held a responsible position in the British navy, but a daring spirit for adventure which he had, coupled with the provoking slowness of advancement in the English navy, led him into other business, and during the war he made a fortune by running the blockade into a number of southern ports. The staid old Downing Street-ers, however, turned him out of the British service, and he took command under the sultan.

IT is rumored that Jim Bennett will be offered an exceedingly dignified position in the Turkish army. As one of Jim's warmest friends we trust he will accept, no matter how arduous or dangerous the duties, provided he receives assurances from both sides that there is to be no cowhiding in the game. Moreover he will thus be enabled to cable his regular weekly installments of war maps

TRENTON, New Jersey, has its sensation. Rev. John Miller, a Presbyterian preacher, has been brought to book for denying the Trinity and the immortality of the soul. Miller, defending himself, says that no man holds the Calvinistic doctrine with greater tenacity and boldness than he, but he did not believe in the Trinity, and, as to the immortality of the soul, he owned himself as opposed to the doctrine.

JIM BENNETT continues to cable his elaborate war maps to the Herald, and his valuable paper alludes to Judge Lochrane as "Mr. Lochrone." The Herald is to be complimented on these vast improvements in modern journalism.

AFTER running over the list of Ohio in the various branches of government service, the New York World concludes that it will not be long before the proverb will be, "scratch an office-holder and he will cry 'Ohio'!"

IN his annual address, delivered in Savannah yesterday to the Episcopal convention, the bishop was particularly severe on the custom of Episcopalians allowing their children to come under Romish influences.

GENERAL TOOMBS doesn't appear to agree with the majority of those who favor a convention, and yet General Toombs' propositions are in the main correct.

COLONEL JOHN G. STOKES, known to newspaper men as "Specks" is dead. He corresponded at one time with the Atlanta Herald

The Southern Pacific Railroad.

The Southern Pacific railroad was completed and regularly opened for traffic to Yuma, on the Colorado river, on Sunday last. The distance from San Francisco to Yuma is about seven hundred miles, and the road is said to be a remarkably well-constructed one. The crossing of the Colorado river is to be made at the temporary terminus, seven miles above Yuma, by means of barges, until the bridge structure is completed, for which the timbers are going forward. The road will continue up the left bank of the Gila river, and follow the course of that stream across Arizona. The steamships between the Mexican ports on the gulf of California and San Francisco will hereafter ply between the same points and Arizona City, which is near the Mexican boundary. The boats in the Colorado will do the same. Arizona City—or, as it was formerly called, Yuma—is directly opposite Fort Yuma, on the Colorado river, and it is the great depot of supplies of all kinds, military included, for the territory. With the completion of the railroad across the Colorado desert (in California) one of the grandest river trips in the world is made easy of access for tourists and pleasure seekers. The steamboats now run up the river with military supplies as far as Fort Mojave, some three hundred and fifty miles, passing through a succession of canons, only surpassed by the great canons above that point, which can at present only be explored in small boats, and at some risk.

A Spring Frost.

CINCINNATI, May 3.—Special dispatches from Illinois report heavy frost and great damage to fruit in the central and southern portions of that state.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

VOL. IX. ATLANTA, GA. FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 4, 1877 NO. 283

THE CUP OF COLD WATER.

JACKSON AND BANKS COUNTIES DANCING ROUND THE FOUNTAIN.

A Grand Day for the Mountain Temperance.

Eloquence and Good Cheer for those who Touch not the Wine when it is Red.

MAYSVILLE, GA., May 3, 1877.

The 1st of May has been a great day and one long to be remembered by the citizens of and the visitors to this little burg, the occasion being a grand temperance gathering—a reunion of the Good Templars lodges of Jackson and Banks counties.

This was perhaps one of the largest temperance gatherings held in the state since the late war, there being from two thousand to twenty-five hundred persons in attendance.

The Burns Silver Cornet band—14 pieces—of Athens Ga., under the direction of Alfred J. Werner, of your city, discoursed music, sweet music, which added greatly to the enlivening of the pleasant occasion. To our surprise we were informed that the members of this band had only been practicing together about two months, and it seemed to us wonderful that so much efficiency could have been acquired in so short a time, and a more gentlemanly set of young men it has never been my good fortune to meet.

Exactly at the hour of 10 a. m. the procession, under the direction of that noble worker in our order, M. P. Caldwell, W. C. T. of Kidd ledge, was formed, headed by the band, and followed by the standard bearer, with the beautiful banner of our noble order and the large golden letters I. O. G. T. glittering in the morning sun flung to the breeze. The long procession moved off to the grounds near by in a beautiful grove, where seats for the audience and a rostrum for the band and speakers had been prepared. When all had become quiet, the exercises were opened by a short but eloquent address of welcome by M. P. Caldwell in behalf of the Good Templars of Maysville, responded to by W. H. Simpkins, G. W. C. T. of the ninth congressional district. The department of this gentleman in the lodge, on the rostrum and in the private walks of life has exhibited an earnestness of purpose that has won for him the admiration of all who have had the pleasure of his acquaintance. His address will not soon be forgotten

Mr. M. P. Caldwell then introduced the next speaker, Rev. J. F. Reeves, S. D. W. C. T., of your city. Comment from us could not do justice to the argumentative abilities and glowing eloquence of the speaker who, enthused with the subject which seems to lie so near his heart, and cheered by the encouraging circumstances with which he was surrounded, seemed to rise above our most sanguine expectations and for one hour and twenty minutes held the vast audience spell bound and then a voice was heard, go on, go on! Mr. Reeves has certainly made for himself a reputation here that will be more lasting than life itself.

After being refreshed by a fine piece of music from the band, the next speaker, Mr. A. A. Bell, a gifted young man from Athens, Ga., the home of some of Georgia's greatest statesmen, was introduced, who won for himself golden opinions, especially from the fair sex, and perhaps not a few of the beautiful young ladies present mentally said, fortunate had been that young lady who had, a few years ago, succeeded in capturing that eloquent young man.

At the close of his address we had a most excellent essay from a young lady of Maysville, whose name we have forgotten, but we considered it too good to have so little notice and requested a copy for publication, which we hope will be received at an early day, so it can be given to the public through our temperance organ.

After the reading of the essay dinner was announced, and as the large audience retired in good order to the long table groaning under the weight of its heavy burden, the writer being a man of tender and humane feeling felt anxious to bear his part in kindly relieving it of its heavy load, and following his example the work of relief was full and complete, and the pleasant fete was soon accomplished.

But good behavior and a fine flow of social enjoyment was the order of the day.

After dinner and a recess of one hour for social conversation, the band called the audience together at the stand and the speaking was resumed, opened by Rev Mr Oliver in an address which was characterized by such an array of stubborn facts and sound arguments as to be not only convincing but utterly unanswerable.

Followed by the G. W. C. T. of the state, J. G. Thrower, who to the surprise and great encouragement of himself and all present after so much speaking, was listened to with serious and profound attention, thus indicating the deep interest that is being awakened against the demon alcohol and all its concomitent evils and in favor of the great principle of temperance and humanity.

God hasten the day when the mighty evils of intemperance shall be banished from our otherwise happy land; when our noble banner of temperance shall proudly waive over the land of the free and the home of the brave

J. G. T.

LIGHT FOR THE LABOREE.

A Workingmen's Press Association—A Sentimental Governor Commutes a Murderer—The Stars of the Bat.

ST. LOUIS, May 3.—A society called the Workingmens Press society, was incorporated here yesterday. The association is to be under the control of the St. Louis section of the workingmen's party of the United States, and its objects are the promotion of literature and science among the working classes of this city and elsewhere, and the publication of a newspaper to be called the Volks Stemme des Western (the voice of the people of the west), which is to represent the tendency of social democracy and watch the interest and rights of the working classes.

The American Railway Master Mechanics' association holds its annual convention, in this city, May 15. A large number of delegates are expected to be present, and the meeting will be of much interest and importance to those concerned.

The receivers of the Missouri Pacific railroad made their final report to the United States circuit court yesterday and were discharged. Their report shows the gross earnings of the road from March 8, 1876, to the time of their appointment, to April 20, 1877, to have been $240,444,482; expenses, $157,347,426; net earning, $83,097,229.

Edgar M. Moore, the boy who shot and killed Mabel Hall, a ballet girl at the theatre comique, about a year ago, and who was convicted and sentenced to be hanged June 1, has had his sentence commuted by Governor Phelps to imprisonment for life.

The return game between the Browns and the Syracuse Stars, which was to have been played this afternoon, did not come off on account of the rain. Owing to engagements at Chicago and elsewhere, it is not likely the game will be played.

The Velocipede Capsized.

CHICAGO, May 3.—Intelligence is received that on the 29th or 30th ult., the schooner Velocipede was capsized near Racine and broken in two amidships. The crew, consisting of three persons, have not been heard from, and undoubtedly perished with her.

A Hardware Failure.

LIVERPOOL, May 3.—May & Co., metal and hardware dealers of Boston, have suspended. They have $150,000 indebtedness here.

A COMICAL CLICKER.

An Improvement that Surpasses the Telephone, and Enables the Nimble Operator to Hold Two Conversations at Once.

NASHVILLE, May 3.—The American to-day has this: The office of the Western Union telegraph company at this place has just received the greatest improvement in practical telegraphy that has yet been invented—a complete set of quadruplex instruments at a cost of one thousand dollars which admit of the sending of two messages each way over the wire at the same time. In other words, the capacity of each wire that these instruments are used upon is quadrupled and made to perform the work of four by the ordinary Morse system. It may be a matter of interest to many to know the origin of this great improvement, which is not so much the result of one man's genius as it is the culmination of a long list of experiments that have been made by leading electricians since as early as 1855, when a published suggestion of the possibility of transmitting two communications in each direction simultaneously over the same wire was made by Dr. Stark, of Vienna. At almost the same moment an independent inventor, Dr. T. Bosscha, jr., of Leyden, who was engaged upon the same problem, read a paper before the Royal academy of Holland, describing, in detail, the method by which he proposed to accomplish this result. He was followed in 1863 by Maron, of Berlin, who proposed a modification of Bosscha's system, but it does not appear that either of these ever came into practical use, and for many years very little attention seems to have been paid to the subject.

The revival of the system of simultaneous double transmission in America, and its general adoption, both in this country and in Europe, resulting from the improvements of Mr. Stearns, of Boston, which was made known in the winter of 1871-2, once more turned the attention of electricians to the problem of simultaneous transmission in the same direction.

During the summer of 1874, T. A. Edison, of New Jersey, in conjunction with George B. Prescott, electrician of the W. T. U. Co., in experimenting upon Stearns' duplex apparatus, with a view of introducing certain modifications in improvements therein, devised a system of simultaneous transmission in the same direction which differed materially in principle from any of its predecessors, and which was destined to furnish the basis of the first practical solution of the curious and interesting problem of quaruplex telegraphy.

Various improvements and patents have been taken out, but the one patented by Garrett Smith, assistant electrician of the Western Union Telegraph company at New York, now being introduced in the Nashville office of that company, has proven the most successful, as far as practical results are concerned.

The Nashville office has also been supplied with two new full sets of duplex instruments, each practically making one wire do the work of two. These, in connection with the two sets of duplex already in use, gives the office an outfit whereby five wires will be made to do the work of twelve, which is equivalent to the building of seven more wires than now run into Nashville, and making this office one of the most important telegraph centres in the United States. Nashville so centrally located that, in case of a storm taking down the wires in one direction, resort can be had to outlets in other directions; and often New York business from Cincinnati, St. Louis or New Orleans, passes through this city, and so perfectly is the system of wires and instruments, that no delay whatever is occasioned thereby.

WOODIN'S SHARE.

An Eminent Patriot Denies His Guilt.

ALBANY, May 3.—Senator Woodin yesterday testified at length before the investigating committee. His testimony in regard to the recently published statements was as follows: I never received a check, bill of exchange, draft, note or any evidence of debt from William M. Tweed or anybody for him; and there is not now, and never has been, any such in existence or any check or draft made by him or anybody else for me. I mean by that to undertake to deny and want it to be so construed that in no possible shape has anything of any value ever passed through my hands, or been received by me in consideration of any vote or act done by me in the legislature or out of it for Wm. M. Tweed or anybody associated with him. I want it to cover the entire ground. I never had any pecuniary transaction with Mr. Winslow, either directly or indirectly, of a penny's amount in value. I never received any money from Tweed, Winslow or Hastings.

THE CLOUDED TITLE.

Mr. Tilden Figuring for Mr. Hayes' Scalp.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Some remarks attributed to Gov. Hendricks by a reporter of a San Francisco journal have excited considerable comment here. Although probably not correctly reported, they are accepted by some persons as an indication that a serious effort is soon to be made to assert Mr. Tilden's title to the presidential office by legislative and judicial proceedings. That such proceedings have been carefully considered, discussed, and to some extent arranged, is beyond doubt, but the impression obtains that a large number of southern democrats will discourage any effort of the kind, and that consequently nothing will come of the proposed line of action. I doubt very much whether Gov. Hendricks would favor it.

Hanging Out to Dry.

COLUMBUS, O., May 3.—A middle aged man came to the American hotel, last night, and registered as G. W. Stanley, of Champaign county. He then went out and was brought back to the hotel, about 2 o'clock, by the police, in an intoxicated condition. He was put to bed, and was quiet until about 6 o'clock, when he was seen hanging out of his window in the fifth story of the hotel. Before he could be rescued, he fell to the pavement below, breaking his legs and inflicting what will probably be fatal injuries. He was removed to the hospital.

Stirring up the Sleepers.

GENESEO, ILL., May 3.—Last night the Geneseo House, a large three story hotel, was burned. Loss, $38,000; insurance, $18,000. The boarders lost property amounting to about $5,000, nothing being saved.

Sifting the Bonds.

LITTLE ROCK, May 3.—In the circuit court Judge Martin held that the railroad act passed by the legislature of 1869, under which about $6,000,000 in bonds issued to various railroads, was unconstitutional and the bonds void. An appeal will be taken to the supreme court.

WASHINGTON.

THE TRIUMPHANT TRIP OF THE STEAMER PLYMOUTH DOWN THE MISSISSIPPI.

Garlanded with Flowers and Enthusiastically Cheered from the River Banks.

The Louisiana Cabal on the Eve of Telling all they Know.

The Ghost of Tilden Flitting Thro' the Halls of the White House.

Mr. Hayes' Proposed Trip to New York and Philadelphia.

THE PLYMOUTH'S RIDE.

A Tale that will Delight the Marines—A Hospitality Almost Beyond Endurance—Balls and Flowers, Wine and Wit.

WASHINGTON, May 3.

The dispatches from Natchez say: The return of the United States steamer Plymouth to Natchez from Vicksburg has been the occasion of the renewal of hospitality and general good feeling. Monday night the officers were the guests of the Adams Light Infantry, who tendered them a handsome reception on the bluff followed by a banquet and ball, both of which were eminently successful. On Tuesday evening the officers of the Plymouth were the guests of Mrs. Kate Minor, whose residence was beautifully illuminated and on this occasion contained one of the most distinguished gatherings of ladies and gentlemen seen in this city since the war. On Wednesday afternoon the citizens were entertained by a novel and delightful reception on board the Plymouth, which continued from 1 to 7 o'clock. The ship was handsomely decorated with flags of all nations, also with evergreens and flowers, presented by the ladies of Natchez. About three hundred guests were present, and music, dancing and feasting were the order of the day. Several other entertainments will follow to-day, and to-morrow (Saturday) the ship will sail for Baton Rouge and New Orleans, and may be expected at the latter place about the 9th.

The Democrat says the entire trip has been marked by the kindliest mingling of officers and citizens, and has had in an eminent degree the effect of proving the truth of what Mr. Lamar not long ago said, "that when we of the north and of the south knew each other better we would love each other better."

HOME RULE IN THE DISTRICT.

The Disfranchised City Wants a Resident Commissioner.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—A delegation of prominent citizens and influential business men called upon the president to ask the appointment of S. E. Middleton, of the firm of Middleton & Co., bankers, to the position of district commissioner, to be made vacant by the resignation of Hon. J. H. Ketchum. The petition was filed and signed by a large number of the leading citizens, setting forth the fact, that he has been a life-long resident of the district, and thoroughly identified with its interests. Middleton was ten years cashier of the United States treasury, and resigned to engage in his present business. The president remarked that papers already before him in the same interest, were of the character to impress him favorably with the application made by the delegation.

THE VILLAIN'S VOMIT.

Rumors of a Ghastly Throwing up of Returning Board Secrets.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Mr. Frank A. Richardson, correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, who has just returned from New Orleans, and knows the feeling toward Hayes by the deposed politicians, says, in a dispatch to that paper, that the strong probability is now that the whole true inwardness of the Louisiana returning board proceedings will, in a comparatively short time, be made public. It is said that Anderson, who came here some days back in the expectation of securing the appointment of collector at the port of New Orleans, had the best reason to indulge in such anticipation, as it was understood to be a part of the pay which he was to receive for his services. Not only is Anderson thus disappointed, but it has been determined to take from Wells the position of surveyor of the port of New Orleans, which he holds by appointment of General Grant. Wells and Anderson are both in bad humor. Packard feels much more embittered even than they, and the three have no longer any restraining motive to induce them to hold back the terrible disclosures which they have threatened. The facts as to the offers made by both Wells and Anderson to "sell out" to the Tilden side, are pretty well known in their main features, although the details which Wells and Anderson can furnish would be extremely interesting reading. But the principal interest that will attach to the confession of these men will be the recital of their secret transactions with certain of the leading republicans who went down to Louisiana last fall after the election, not for the purpose of witnessing an "honest count," as expressed by President Grant, but for no other purpose but to defeat the will of the people of Louisiana as expressed at the ballot box. The true history of all this business—which, now that the parties to it have fallen out, may be looked for—is of such a nature that the whole country can but stand aghast, even after its previous familiarity with the corruptions and villainies of republican politics in Louisiana.

COMING TO SAE US.

Mr Hayes Contemplates a Visit to the South After the Extra Session—The Nicholson Pavement—Bancock's Tour of Inspection.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Appointment, Richard S. Badger, attorney for the eastern district of North Carolina.

The state department has received official notice of the state of the war between Turkey and Russia from the Turkish minister here.

There is no present intention of removing Simon Woolf from his office of register of deeds.

Thirty miles of wood pavement, laid about four years ago, costing about five millions, is about being declared a nuisance.

Major General Hancock is here on a tour of inspection. He will visit Fortress Monroe en route.

The president will visit Richmond and Petersburg after the extra session of congress, and may extend his trip further south.

Col. John G. Stokes of Alabama, known in journalism as "Specs," is dead.

Picking the Bones.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—No progress appears to have been made in the contest over the Louisiana federal offices. The friends of Wickersham, former postmaster at Mobile, are not hopeless of his recovery.

RAUM ON RUM.

He Does not Believe any of the "Crooked" to be Now on the Market.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Commissioner of Internal Revenue Raum said yesterday that he did not believe there was a barrel of illicit whisky in the market, or that any is being manufactured. He thinks that the very slight difference in the price of one or two cents on a barrel is due entirely to commercial causes and to the difference in the skill of the manufacturers and the cost of the materials. His advices lead him to the conviction that illicit distillation has not been recently practiced to any considerable extent, except in those remote mountainous sections in the south, where the military raids were recently made. Commissioner Raum is very confident that the receipts from internal revenue sources for the current fiscal year will fully reach $120,000,000, which is the amount of his estimates. The footings for the month of May show that the gains have already been sufficient to accomplish these results, and unless there is some unusual diminution in the receipts for the coming two months, the yield for the year will be $120,000,000, which is nearly $3,000,000 more than last year.

AS BLAND AS YOU PLEASE.

Mr. Hayes Does not Expect to Move the World in a Minute.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—President Hayes, in conversation yesterday with Dr. Loring, a member elect of the house of representatives, discussed his southern policy with great freedom and candor. He said with regard to the approaching extra session of congress, that he did not share with some of his friends the fear entertained that the extra session will have a disturbing influence upon the country. Neither does he believe that a republican candidate for speaker of the house will be elected. He does not expect that the policy he is pursuing toward the south will control the action of the representatives elected by the southern democrats, or will sever their connection with that party, but he is confident that ultimately his southern policy will have a softening and liberalizing effect on the people of that section, and will hereafter modify their political action.

Their Highness on a Jaunt.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The president stated yesterday that he will leave by special train on May 9 for Philadelphia to attend the opening of the permanent exhibition. He will be accompanied by a number of prominent officials. The president will return on the 11th inst., and on May 14 he will go to New York, where he will be received by the New York chamber of commerce on the following day. Mrs. Hayes expects to make a brief visit to Ohio before taking up her summer residence at the Soldiers' home, near Washington.

Pap for Ante-bellum Patriots.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The postmaster general has addressed a circular to all the mail contractors in the south whose accounts were unsettled at the breaking out of the war, giving them directions for the preparation and filing of their claims before the second assistant postmaster general.

THE GROWING GRAIN.

An Encouraging Report Generally.

TOLEDO, May 3.—The Blade publishes this afternoon a comprehensive crop report, gathered from observations in about 300 places in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa and Missouri. The tenor of all the reports is highly gratifying in all the wheat growing districts. The prospect is unusually good, better than has been known for years. Many call it the best ever known. There was but little, if any, winter killing. Preparations are being made everywhere for planting an uncommonly large crop of corn. The recent heavy rains have interfered with the planting however. There does not seem to be as general a disposition to sow oats as might have been imagined, and the acreage will be smaller than usual. The meadows everywhere look well and the hay prospects are fine. Apples and small fruits will be abundant everywhere, except in a few places where hail storms have done some damage. A partial crop of peaches is expected in Indiana, Illinois and Missouri, but the reports from Michigan are discouraging.

MILLER'S THEOLOGICAL GRIST.

It is not a very Palatable Article to some of the Brethren.

TRENTON, May 3.—The New Brunswick presbytery assembled in this city this morning to consider the charges of heresy against Rev. John Miller, a leading preacher in the Presbyterian church, in that he has published a book denying the trinity and the immortality of the soul. Miller, defending himself, said no man in the church held the Calvanistic doctrine with greater boldness and tenacity than he, but he did not believe in the trinity, as to the immortality of the soul, he owned himself as opposed to the doctrine.

MAUDLINISM REBUKED.

Tammany Wants Something More Tangible than Honey and Molasses.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The Tammany hall general committee to-night passed a resolution indorsing the action of the board of aldermen in the non-confirmation of the republican nominations made by Mayor Ely for important city offices. Mr. Gone, who offered the resolution, made a long speech in support of it, saying that the republicans would give the democrats no positions in the custom house, postoffice or navy yard, and he believed the democrats should treat them similarly.

The Nashville Course.

NASHVILLE, May 3.—For three year olds; mile heats. Summary: Vera Cruz, 1, 1; King William, 2, 2; Odd Fellow, 4, 3; Alice Murphy, 3, 5; Flying Locust, 5, 6; Garvy Owen, 6, 4. Time, 146½. Mile heats for all ages was won by Courier; Glascow 2d and Fair Play 3d. Time, 146. The three-quarter mile heat was won by Malverna, Highland Fintage 2d, Amanda Warren 3d, Malagorda 4th and Remmington 5th. Time 117½.

An American Musulman.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—James A. Hill, cashier Union banking company, made affidavits before a magistrate, charging N. C. Mussulman, president, with embezzling moneys belonging to the bank and using it for speculation. Mussulman was arrested and held on a ten thousand dollars bail to await a further hearing.

Flakes of Snow.

QUEBEC, May 3.—Several hours of snow fall to-day.

MASSING AGAINST MUKTAR.

A HEAVY BATTLE UNDER THE GUNS OF KARS.

In which the Russians Drive the Turks Behind their Works.

The Turks Bombard Ibrailla and Odessa.

Roumania Gravitating Into the Bloody Conflict.

The Austro-Hungarian Empire Watching the Doings in the South.

TWICE ROUTED.

The Russians Inflict Enormous Losses on the Turks and Drive them Under the Guns of Kars.

LONDON, May 3.

The Daily News' Paris correspondent says that a message from Vienna gives the following account of the battle of Kars: The centre of the Russian army, forty thousand strong, under Melikoff, attacked Mukhtar five miles from Kars, on April 29. The Turks fought desperately. The Russians, supported by powerful artillery, succeeded in dislodging them from their position. Mukhtar called out all his reserves and attempted on the 30th to recover the lost ground with sixty thousand men, but was driven back under the guns of Kars. The Russian losses were considerable and those of the Turks were enormous.

The city council of Metz refused to vote money for the reception of the emperor. The German inhabitants will unite with the garrison to celebrate the visit.

THE CARPATHIAN MOUNTAIN BOYS.

Nearly Scared Out of their Wits—As the Turks Recede they Regain their Courage.

LONDON, May 3.

The Times' Bucharest correspondent writing under date of April 29, gives the following as a summary of the situation in Roumania:

When the Russians crossed the Pruth, the Roumanians were nearly frightened out of their senses for fear the Turks might execute their oft-repeated threat of crossing the Danube. The government at Bucharest was loud in professions of neutrality, publishing a manifesto declaring its intention to remain perfectly neutral, and announcing its resolution of withdrawing all its forces into the interior of the country. Despite this announcement, by some mysterious fatality, Roumanian troops and artillery seemed to gravitate toward the Danube instead of the interior. As each day lessened the danger of the Turks crossing the Danube, and as the Russians continued to cross the frontier the courage of the Roumanians rose, and within forty eight hours we have heard much less of Roumanian neutrality.

DANUBE DOTS.

Fever in the Russian Camp—Roumania's Part—Within Range but Afraid to Shoot.

LONDON, May 3.—Eight thousand Russians expected at Bucharest to-morrow.

The Turks are burning villages opposite Bucharest.

The declaration of a state war between Turkey and Romania is imminent.

The Russians have stopped manufacturing gas at their Black Sea ports, they fearing conflagration in case of bombardment.

Great losses in the Russian advance guard from fever and fatigue are reported.

The Russian consul general leaves Egypt on Saturday. The people in Egypt seem to be unwilling to support Turkey either in men or money.

The bombardment of fort St. Nicholas is resumed.

The Turkish posts on the Asia frontier have surrendered without a blow.

The Russian advance and Turkish gun boats are in easy range of Roumania, but neither inclined to open fire.

THE SHOT FROM THE RIVER.

The Turks Fire Ibrailla—Bombarding Odessa—Closing the Black Sea—Mutual Denials.

LONDON, May 3.—The Russians contradict the reports of their losses before Batoum. The Russians have occupied the island in the Danube near Ibrailla and the left bank of the river as far as the mouth of the Kilia.

The Turkish squadron will shortly sail for Crete.

The Turks deny their defeat at Kars.

The czar at Odessa to-day reviewed the troops. The Russian flotilla has left Odessa for Kief. It is unreliably reported that the bombardment of Odessa has commenced.

British steamer Wallachia arrived at Constantinople, having been ordered to leave Galatz.

The blockade of the Black sea may be declared at any moment.

A Russian prize, loaded with salt, has been brought to Constantinople.

The fire opened this morning at Ibrailla. Three Turkish monitors bombarding Ibrailla, drew off at noon, on account of the weight of the Russian fire. The damage in Ibrailla is unknown.

A later dispatch from the correspondent says seven Bulgarians have been arrested at Ruschuk for signing an address to their fellow countrymen.

In the house of commons it was stated that a blockage of the Black sea, Bosphorus and Dardanelles had not yet been established. No information of the lost British steamer by a torpedo at Kortch.

BUCHAREST, May 3.—The damage to Ibrailla by the Turkish bombardment is unimportant. Nobody killed.

VIENNA, May 3.—A telegram from Bucharest says only one Turkish monitor appeared before Ibrailla. It had only fired twice when it was set on fire by the Russian batteries and compelled to withdraw.

The Roumanian deputies in an address replying to a speech from the throne, express confidence that the government will protect the country from any conflict with the neighboring states, and yet defend Roumanian territory and preserve the country from the horrors of Turkish invasion.

A Reuter telegram dated Erzroum, May 2, says a son of Schamyl, the famous Circassian chieftain, was expected to take command of the Circassians, who, however, refuse to submit to military organization.

Mukhtar Pasha's army is at Zenikay, 40 miles west of Kars. A Russian division is also operating there.

Men of Means and Mean Men.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The chamber of commerce elected the following officers: President, Samuel D. Babcock; 1st vice president, James M. Brown; 2d vice president, George W. Lane; treasurer, Francis S. Lathrop; secretary, George Wilson.

ELCHO'S SUBSTITUTE.

He Proposes to Knock Gladstone out his Bulgarian Horse.

LONDON, May 3.—In the house of commons to-day, Lord Elcho placed on the paper the following resolutions:

That the house, while anxious to promote the wellbeing of the Christian subjects of the sultan and all races under his rule, condemns the interference of a foreign power by force of arms in the internal administration of the Ottoman empire, and this house is satisfied that her majesty's government, while maintaining neutrality as long as our interests are not affected by the war which Russia is waging against Turkey, will not fail to take such steps as would enable them, should occasion arise, promptly to protect our interest and maintain our empire in the east.

THE GOVERNMENT PERPLEXED.

And Intimates that Certain Parties are Trading on the Ignorance of the People.

LONDON, May 3.—The Times in an editorial continues strongly to protest against the panic in England, in reference to Russia's movements, and says: The alarmists have apparently boundless faith in the ignorance and incredulity of their countrymen. They are preaching war on pretexts that will not bear the tests of a statement in plain English, but the good sense and patriotism of the public will, we are convinced, defeat these traders in ignorance and passion.

F. JOSEPH HAPSBURG'S ANSWER.

He Wants to do Like the Rest and Localize the War.

VIENNA, May 3.—The Hungarian and Austrian governments will to-morrow make practically identical replies to the interpellations which have been introduced in their respective parliaments on eastern affairs. The replies will urge that Austro-Hungary will best fulfil her European mission, and consider her own interests by doing all in her power to ensure the localization of the war, and thereby bring about the possibility of sooner opening a way to mediation.

THE MIGHTH ARTICLE.

The Secret of Turkey's Appeal to the Disregarded Treaty.

LONDON, May 3.—The Times' Pera correspondent writes to that journal as follows: Sanfed Pasha's note to the powers appealing to the 8th article of the treaty of Paris is supposed to be due to the suggestions of Mr. Lyard. It is stated that a council of ministers disapproved the note by a large majority, but at the palace it met full approbation.

PUZZLES FOR FRANCE.

Dealing with the Clergy and Other Knotty Subjects.

VERSAILLES, May 3.—In the chamber of deputies to-day Minister Simon, replying to M. Leblond's interpellation relative to the ultramontane intrigues, said that neither the government nor any political party is held answerable for attacks on foreign governments in newspapers. The petitions for the re-establishment of the temporal power were the work of the feeble minority. The government had put a stop to these petitions. They would not tolerate any attack on Catholicism which they sincerely respected and which now enjoyed unprecedented liberty. They were determined to make all the parties respect the law. The government would protect the clergy while they confined themselves to their spiritual duties, but would deal firmly with them if they encroached on the civil power. The government had hitherto pursued a conciliatory policy because they desired peace in France and Europe, but they would henceforth act with resolution.

THE FOOL'S FEAT.

Driving Across a Railroad Track—Several Killed and Wounded.

PATERSON, N. J., May 3.—A carriage, returning from a funeral, was struck by an engine. Three persons were killed and two fatally hurt. Both horses killed.

PATERSON, May 3.—Simon Demorest, who was killed at Pompton, was aged 65 years and Miss Taylor, who lived at Patterson, was 16. The three who were killed suffered instant death. Thomas Caboy, aged 20 years, was badly injured about the head, and, also, internally, but may recover. Julia Caboy, aged 17 years, was terribly cut across the forehead, and probably sustained a fracture of the skull. Her recovery is improbable. All but Miss Taylor lived at Pompton. It is claimed that Demorest drove in front of the approaching train, which was in plain sight of all in the wagon.

THE CHURCH IN COUNCIL

Bishop Beckwith Condemning Catholic Influences.

SAVANNAH, May 3.—The Episcopal convention met pursuant to adjournment. The bishop delivered his annual address. He was rather severe on the custom of Episcopalians allowing children to come under the Romish influence. The address was ordered printed. The officers of the diocese were re-elected.

St. Paul's church, Augusta, was selected as the next place of meeting May 8, 1878. Delegates to the general conference are to be elected to-morrow

Hanged to Cross Beams.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 3.—Last Saturday night Henri de Forest was murdered and robbed at Santa Cruz, on Tuesday last two Mexicans, Francisco Arias and Jose Chamatis, were arrested and confessed the murder, and were taken to a bridge near town and hanged to the cross beams.

The Roof Disaster.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Secretary Sherman has ordered an investigation of the postoffice roof disaster. The commission is sitting with closed doors. Architect Mullet has been summoned.

The Wise Course in Rheumatism.

Rheumatic patients who have been induced to submit to depletion by blood letting, or to take colchicum and other drugs of an equally pernicious character, will consult their well being by abandoning such insane procedure, and using as a substitute Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which will infallibly afford them the much desired relief, and is absolutely safe. This benign vegetable deputent cools the blood by expelling from it the inflammatory elements which give rise to maladies of a rheumatic and gouty type, and rectifies disordered conditions of the stomach, nervous system and bowels which usually accompany them. As rheumatism has a tendency to attack the heart the desirability of an early resort to the Bitters is obvious, since the danger is increased by every moment of delay. a,s29 dead&w1w

CHIEFS OF THE COTTON BELT.

PREPARING FOR THE INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION IN LIVERPOOL.

The American Representation to the Fleecy Body.

NEW ORLEANS, May 3.—The chairman of the United States cotton association of Liverpool having notified the president of the national cotton exchange of the United States that the international cotton convention will assemble at Liverpool July 11th, and inviting delegates from the national cotton exchange, the president, Mr. John Phelps, has notified the cotton exchanges of New York, Galveston, Mobile, Savannah, Charleston, Memphis, Norfolk and St. Louis to appoint each one delegate and one alternate to attend said convention, it being of the utmost importance to the cotton interests of America that the exchanges should be fully represented on this occasion. Nine delegates are all that American exchanges are entitled to.

A. H. STEPHENS' VIEWS.

The Veteran Georgian on Old and New Parties and the President's Policy.

Washington Special N. Y. Herald.

Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, though for many months an invalid, is now enjoying fair health and is able to ride out daily, remaining in his carriage for several hours. His attention had been directed to the subject of "new lines of departure," and he remarked that he was struck with the expressions of the secretary of the navy in regard to the old whig principles. The question being asked whether he thought the signs of the times indicated the formation of a new party out of the more conservative elements of the existing political organizations, Mr. Stephens replied:

"I do not see anything to warrant the belief that a new party is likely to be formed or that the old whig party will be revived. The old whig party is functus officio, though its principles are daily being vivified in the acts of the new administration. Issues and principles make parties. A new party must have for its foundation a permanent issue. It must have time and development for its formation, and as our public questions stand to-day I do not see upon what men could unite to form a new party. A party cannot be manufactured to order any more than a government. The Mexicans tried the latter experiment and signally failed. The subdivision of the Mexican territory into states, in imitation of our form of government, everybody knows is a failure, and this reminds me that the president is a Jeffersonian republican in his political views."

PRESIDENT HAYES' POSITION.

Your

INDEX FOR ADVERTISERS ON FOURTH PAGE.

Advertisements in this column charged ten cents per line each insertion...payable in advance No advertisement taken for less than thirty cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS—When properly classified the smallest advertisement of five lines, which costs but thirty cents, is seen at once by the very readers whose eyes it was intended to meet, and thus is just as valuable for this purpose as if it had been spread over the whole page.

WANTED.

WANTED — Two comfortably furnished rooms, for two single gentlemen, second floor preferred. Address Box 217 stating terms and locality. 000 may4...d2t

WANTED—I desire an engagement for light outdoor business. Large experience. Highest recommendations as to character and ability. Address Cashier, P O Box 208 may4...d1t

WANTED—500 agents to sell our new Subscription Books: Lord's Land, Family Bible, Bunyan's Pilgrims Progress, Biblical Biography, Great Men of God. Hitchcock & Walden. may2 d3t

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—For a comfortable 3 or 4 room house and ground, two first-class Mules and Drays and one first-class Piano (almost new). Address G., P. O Box 639, Atlanta, Georgia. 248 apr17...dtf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two or three large front rooms in suite or singly furnished, can be rented on reasonable terms, by application at 15½ Broad street. may4...d1t

FOR RENT—That elegant Store House and Basement corner Line and Pryor streets Apply to J. W. English. 315 apr21...dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

A GOOD SURISE and $150 will get a young man an interest in an established business by addressing C. E. D., at this office. 607 may4...d1t

500 BOWLS of that good Soup to be had at John Peel's, No 10 Broad street to-day and a cool glass Bock Beer for 5 cents. Go and see him. 595 may3...dtf

PURE CITY WATER —The Bradshaw House Filterer is a success and renders the city water pure and sweet for drinking and othe purposes at a small cost. The agent has one in operation at No. 12 West Alabama street, where he will be pleased to exhibit it and take orders for them. Give him a call. 586 may3...d3t

NEW HOLLAND SPRINGS HOTEL—Now open for 200 guests. Good board, 50 cents per meal, 50 cents lodging $2 00 per day, $10 00 per week Edm. W. Holland. Manager. John Trammel, Assistant 419 apr29 eod6t

MINERAL WATER by the case and on draught, direct from Saratoga Springs, at Daniel & Marsh s. 000 apr29...dtf

FOR SALE.

PRINTING MATERIAL FOR SALE—1 plow Paper Cutter, 1 Shear Card Cutter, 4 Stands, 75 lbs Pica 150 lbs Brevier, 50 fonts Plain and Fancy Job Type, 3 fonts Brass Rule, Galleys, Sticks, etc., etc. All in good condition—some as good as new—and will be sold for 25 to 50 per cent. less than cost Specimens sent on application to Dodson & Co., 38 Broad street, Atlanta, Georgia. 6?2 may4...d3t

ONE of Herring's large size Safes, as good as new, for sale, or will exchange for a small one. Also, one large Mirror, 6 feet square, walnut frame, will be sold at a bargain. Apply to J. M. Holbrook, 33½ Whitehall street. may4...d2t

5 GOOD MILCH COWS, with Calves, for sale at A D. Fuller's Wagon Yard, No. 224 West Peters street. J. Y. Carmichael. may4...d1t

PEACHTREE RESIDENCE, Dwelling, 5 rooms; lot, West side st., 100 by 385 feet. Price, *low, to suit the times* Apply to Marcus A. Bell & Son, office No. 1 Centennial Building. may4...d1t

6 ROOM RESIDENCE: the Lowry place, on Ivy st, opposite Healey's, central, beautiful eminence; Rental, $35 per month. Apply to Marcus A. Bell & Son, Real Estate Agents. may4...d1t

11-ROOM MANSION: Col. Speer's fine residence on Pryor street, opposite John Neal's Rental, $50. per month. Apply to Bell & Son. may4...d1t

FOR SALE—A fine light Carriage and a Span of Ponys Enquire of Smith & Curtis, 85 Peachtree street, or at 55 Broad street. 579 may3...d4t

ONE DOW'S Soda Apparatus, Generator and two Copper Fountains for sale cheap. Daniel & March. 000 apr22...dtf

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A small Gold Necklace The owner can get it by calling at this office and paying for this advertisement. may4...d1t

LOST MONEY—All who do not send their Job Printing and Book Binding to the Constitution may lose money. Estimates furnished for all kinds of Printing and Binding. apr15 dtf

BOARDING.

SEVERAL parties can be accommodated with fine board and excellent rooms at the Calloway House, 15½ Broad street. 610 may4 1t

BOARD, with large desirable rooms, furnished and suitable for families can be had at 28 N. Forsyth street, one block from the capitol. apr29 1t

AUCTION SALES.

BY JOYNER & ELLIS—FINE FURNITURE.—On Saturday, 5th May, 10½ o'clock, we will sell in front of Store, fine Reps Parlor Suit, fine Oak Extension Table, fine Marble Top Side Board, Hat Rack, Walnut Writing Table, Center Tables, Bedsteads, with a large lot desirable furniture too numerous to mention. 606 may4...d2t

AUCTION SALE of Fine Oil Paintings, English Engravings, Tull Gems, &c., at 39 Whitehall street. The sale of this fine collection of goods commences to-night, May 3d, at 7:30 o'clock. The goods will be on exhibition after ten o'clock to-day, and will be sold without reserve. Sale positive. Joyner & Ellis, Auctioneers. 587 may...d1t

THE ladies are specially requested to attend the Crockery Auction this afternoon at 3 o'clock. J. H. Law, Agent 576 may3...d2t

The Atlanta Daily Constitution

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 4, 1877.

THE CONVENTION DISCUSSION.

The Lawrenceville Herald is still dissatisfied with the position of THE CONSTITUTION on the convention, and seems to be of the opinion that we wrong the cause by rebuking the real or professed enthusiasm of its friends. In this we think the Herald is mistaken. An army of ten thousand men is weak without discipline; a soldier is a failure who does not strengthen his position by strategy. There is no need for generals who propose to capture a town to wrangle over the methods by which it is to be sacked. There is not an intelligent man in the state who does not appreciate the necessity of making changes in the organic law. Opinion may be divided as to the method, but not as to the necessity. What these changes should be—their scope and character—are obvious enough to all who have taken any interest in the convention question, and are keenly appreciated and thoroughly understood by the men who should be selected by the people to represent them in the convention. All this being undeniable, why should there have been any discussion? What need was there for it? When the legislature passed the bill submitting the matter to the people there was very little division in public opinion, and even those who believed that the necessary changes in our fundamental law could be more thoroughly, economically and satisfactorily made through the usual process of legislative amendment were inclined to waive their objections to the method in order to reach the desired result. Does any one believe that the discussion thus far has made a single vote for the convention? Will any one pretend that it has added a single argument to the arguments that were obvious enough before? Can any careful observer fail to perceive that it has done harm? Can it be denied that it has created differences among those who ought to agree? The truth is it has resulted, as we feared it would, in a quarrel among the advocates of a convention, which, it is to be feared, will result disastrously. The Herald concludes its article as follows:

> AS THE CONSTITUTION objects so vehemently to the line of argument pursued by the professed friends" of the convention let us exhort you, my brethren, take the lead and show the little fellows you have had by the neck the proper method of convincing the people of the importance of the proposed convention. We are a regular and attentive reader of your paper, and have been waiting patiently for your explanation of the "necessity."

We contended, as soon as the matter was submitted to the people that there was no need of convincing the people of the importance of a convention. They were already convinced. Our only fear was that foolish and unnecessary discussion of issues that might well be left to the wisdom and conservatism of the people's representatives would serve to divide the friends of a convention, and our fears have been more than realized. It is too late now, however, to regret such a result, but we take a melancholy pleasure in calling attention to the advice we gave the day after the bill became a law. As to our reasons for a convention—called forth by the repeated queries of the Macon Telegraph—we refer the editor of the Herald to our issue of Tuesday for a brief and hasty summary of the necessity that exists for a revision of our organic law.

JOHN FORSYTH.

We published yesterday, accompanying the publication with brief editorial comments, a telegram which brought the sad news of the death of Hon. John Forsyth, well-known throughout the country as the editor of the Mobile Register. Col. Forsyth was a native of Georgia, having been born in Augusta in 1812. He came of a distinguished family. His grandfather was a member of General Washington's military family, and his father, Gov. John Forsyth, was one of the most prominent men Georgia ever produced. He was at various times governor, attorney general of the United States, member of congress, minister to Spain, and secretary. Colonel Forsyth inherited all his father's abilities, and in addition received a thorough scholastic training. He graduated at Princeton in 1832 with the first honors, and shortly thereafter was admitted to the bar in Augusta. He then located in Columbus, but soon removed to Mobile, where he received the appointment of United States district attorney for the Southern district of Alabama. His father died in 1841, an event which compelled him to return to Georgia, where he remained for twelve years, alternately planting, practicing law, and editing the Columbus Times. He subsequently served in the Mexican war as adjutant of the first Georgia regiment. He returned to Mobile in 1853, purchased the Register and engaged in journalism. He was appointed minister to Mexico in 1856 by President Buchanan, but resigned his position after two years service. In 1859 he was elected to a seat in the Alabama legislature, and in 1860 was chosen mayor of Mobile. During the war he was for awhile upon the staff of General Braxton Bragg. In 1874 he was again elected to the legislature, but the condition of his health compelled him to resign.

Colonel Forsyth was not only what is technically called a fluent and vigorous writer, but genius added to observation imparted to his style a classical brilliancy not often found in editorial writing. It was trenchant, scholarly, bold and thoughtful. He was always ready to defend his section, his country and his convictions, and he was never better satisfied than when he found it necessary to impale some political opponent upon the keen point of his pen. He was a profound student, a deep thinker, and a walking encyclopædia of political information. He was naturally a leader of men, and during the last quarter of a century has been as prominent in shaping the politics of the south as either Toombs, or Wise, or Rhett, and he was one of the first to indicate and approve the conservative policy which the democracy of the south have since so successfully adopted. We have not the data at hand upon which to base a sketch of his career, but we trust such a memorial will be written. It will be both interesting and instructive, for Colonel Forsyth was notable as a man, as an editor and as a politician.

ADMIRAL WORDEN is in command of our European fleet. It is not much of a fleet, but it is the best we can muster after eight years of Borie and Robeson's waste and extravagance. Their extravagance did not extend however to the fitting out of large ships fit to go to sea in. Ships for junketing purposes were more to their mind. Admiral Worden, out of our limited and comparatively insignificant naval resources, has already started the Vandalia, carrying 8 guns and 160 men, for the Bosphorus. He will shortly follow in his flagship, the Trenton, 11 guns and 434 men, and will meet the Marion, 8 guns and 214 men, and the Alliance, 6 guns and 119 men, which have been ordered to rendezvous there. The Gettysburg, 2 guns and 75 men, is on special duty in the Mediterranean, but subject to Admiral Worden's orders, and the Dispatch, 1 gun and 40 men, the fastest vessel in our navy, will sail in a few days to join the fleet at Constantinople.

THE following returns sufficiently indicate the permanent burial of the fraudulent bonds:

	For the Amendment	Against the Amendment
Atlanta	373	6
Augusta	264	11
Savannah	918	11
Macon	337	5
Athens	184	..
Covington	177	7
Columbus	244	1
Dalton	419	3

OUR head-line man put over General Toombs' letter on the convention, one of his remorseless lines, which related to our respected Macon contemporary. We deeply regret the fact, for it was disrespectful and unjust to an editor of the Telegraph and Messenger. It is proper to say that the offending head-line was seen by no editor of this paper until after the entire edition had been printed.

FACT AND COMMENT.

OPIUM has advanced one dollar a pound in New York.

THE Breton glove has a row of buttons around the top of the wrist.

THERE are two hundred and fifty Protestant churches in the Holy Land.

Stick a ginger snap on the end of a knitting needle and you have the latest style of parasol.

THE West Point graduates this year will number seventy-seven, the largest class on record.

THE first business of the united legislature in New Orleans was to deodorize the state house.

THE governess of Mrs. President Hayes' children at the white house is a granddaughter of the late Bishop Johns, of Virginia

A MASSACHUSETTS woman has had seven husbands, but she can't sing like Di Muska Four of the husbands died, and two were Chicagoed.

ON the 6th of April, while Admiral Hobart Pasha was absent from duty, his wife died at Constantinople The admiral felt the loss so keenly that he could not attend the funeral.

GEN. SPINNER alludes, in a letter now and then, to "a sixty-pound Florida bass" The old man is a little near-sighted; hence this new name for the old, familiar alligator.

THERE were 30,000 paid admissions on the last day of the O'Leary-Weston walking match in London—10,000 at 3s 6d., and 20,000 at 1s. each. This shows a total in one day of $13,200.

MISS Mildred C. Lee, daughter of General Robert E. Lee was the object of a grand serenade and flower presentation last week, by the Washington artillery of New Orleans, numbering two hundred

THE Czar Alexander was fifty-nine years old Sunday. The day was celebrated throughout the Russian empire both in a religious and civil manner, special prayers being offered in the church for the emperor and the imperial family.

SENATOR PADDOCK, of Nebraska, does not expect to see any republican opposition to the president in congress for six months at least. He thinks the members who disagree with the president will take no action till they see how the policy succeeds.

THE dogs on Mount St. Bernard saved the lives of forty persons during the past winter. At the distance of an hour's march they can discover, through their wonderful sense of smell, whether travelers are on the mountain, and begin to howl as soon as they do.

ONE of Moody's converts, in Boston, has made secret restitution of $13,000. Now, the quickest and surest way to raise funds to pay off the national debt would be to have Moody preach to the federal officials of the past eight years

ALL other signs may fail, but when you see a woman with a straw hat on her head, a drop of whitewash on her nose, and an expression of great executive ability on her features, you may bet that the season of ethereal mildness is at hand.

WHEN a man is laid up with a broken leg and there is no flour in the house, nothing pleases him so much as to have the members of the society to which he belongs present him with a series of resolutions expressing their high appreciation of his fine moral character.

AN aged African in Philadelphia keeps a novel lunch and lodging cellar. The lunch consists of scraps gathered by begging around town. His price for lodging is ten cents a night, and then no one is permitted to lie down. He furnishes each oil lap with an empty nail keg upon which to sit during the night

ACCORDING to an article in Backwood for April on the reconstruction of the French army and France is now able to defend herself against Germany but is not yet strong enough to attack her The French army, says the writer, is now 1,300,000 strong, and can be increased to nearly 2,000,000 Yet the Alsace-Lorraine fortresses alone will keep the French at home for years.

THE Grand Duke Alexis has just received from his mother a magnificent gold bracelet. It has three very large diamonds of the purest water. The bracelet is worn by the grand duke on his left wrist, under his coat sleeve, and he will wear it there until the end of the war. It was accompanied by his mother's blessing and prayers for his preservation and safe restoration, and an injunction to behave like a true Russian.

IT is highly probable that all the great continental powers will be drawn into the war. After they shall have become thoroughly exhausted in men and money, Portugal, Greece and Denmark will seize the entire continent, apportion it among themselves, and reconstruct the map of Europe. This supposition is just as good as any, and doesn't cost any more.

"VAN," in his Washington letter, says the president's family have not swerved from their purpose to attend the plain preaching at the Methodist church "round the corner." Dr. Newman's friends gave out at the first that the president's family would divide their time between the Foundry and the Metropolitan, but so far there has been no division. Mrs. Hayes prefers the plain preacher to Dr. Newman, who, whatever may be his faults, is a man of large intellect and genius.

AUSTRIA is extremely vexed over the closing of the Danube to navigation, and well she may be, for nearly half the agricultural products of the Austro-Hungarian empire go to market through the iron gate of the famous Turkish river. The large and expensive fleet of Austrian steamers which almost monopolize the Danube trade are also all idle, and Austrian capitalists are in despair. This is only one of the reasons that prejudice the Austrians against Russia

THE elegant property in Greenwich occupied by his family Tweed will not surrender. He says it was purchased for his wife before there were any municipal complications or troubles Still, it is known that tens of thousands were expended upon it while Tweed was using city funds. The drives are as extensive, as numerous, and as elegant as those of Central park. City lamps stud the lawns, fountains play, and statuary adorn the greensward. All this, it is contended, was done with city money A splendid coupe or a dashing park carriage comes down to the depot to receive the son, General Tweed, and his brother-in-law, on their return from business.

THE southern Baptists, like the southern Methodists, form a distinct denomination. The separation between the northern and southern Baptists occurred in 1844, and grew out of the anti slavery agitation. The southern Baptists hold an annual convention for the direction of their benevolent work, but the northern Baptists long since discontinued the convention system, and hold instead anniversaries for each of their denominational boards. The southern convention will be held this year in New Orleans, beginning May 10.

SUPREME COURT.

DECISIONS RENDERED MAY 5. 1877.

Hon. Hiram Warner, Chief Justice Hons. L. E. Bleckley and James Jackson, Judges—Exclusively Reported for the Constitution by Henry Jackson, Supreme Court Reporter.

Mendell vs. Southern life insurance company. Complaint, from Chatham.

WARNER, C. J.

The plaintiff brought his action against the defendant on a fire insurance policy, to recover damages for the alleged loss sustained by the destruction of the property insured by fire. On the trial of the case, the jury under the charge of the court, found a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for the sum of $1,685.72. The defendant made a motion for a new trial on the several grounds set forth therein, and on the argument thereof, the plaintiff proposed to write off so much of the verdict over and above the sum of $1,220 17, as the court might consider excessive and not sustained by the proof, but the court notwithstanding granted the motion for a new trial; whereupon the plaintiff excepted. The judgment complained of is the granting of the new trial in the case, whatever may have been the reasons given for that judgment, or the grounds contained in the motion on which it was based, and the question is, upon looking through the entire record of the proceedings had on the trial, including the evidence, whether the court, in rendering that judgment, so abused the discretion with which it is clothed by law as to authorize this court to interfere and control it. If we were to enter upon a discussion of the evidence contained in the record for the purpose of sustaining the judgment of the court, it might prejudice the rights of the parties on the new trial of the case. Therefore we only say that in our judgment there is nothing in this case to take it out of the general rule so repeatedly recognized by this court in regard to the granting of new trials by the superior courts.

Let the judgment of the court below be affirmed.

R. E Lester, for plaintiff in error.
W. D. Hardin, for defendant.

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Solomon's Lodge vs. Montmollin, adm'x. Equity, from Chatham.

WARNER, C. J.

This was a bill filed by the complainant against the defendant for the specific performance of a written agreement alleged to have been made by the defendant and the complainant's intestate, with a prayer that the defendant might be perpetually enjoined from closing the entrance to the building as specified therein. The bill prayed for discovery from the defendant, which it answered, admitting that the instrument set forth in complainant's bill marked exhibit A, was signed, and defendant's corporate seal placed thereon by certain officers of defendant, as therein mentioned, and at the time therein stated, but avers that the same was never authorized, or ratified by vote, resolution, or otherwise, by said defendant, and did not know of its existence until within the last five or six months.

The following is the alleged agreement set forth in the complainant's bill, marked exhibit A:

STATE OF GEORGIA, CHATHAM COUNTY.

This memorandum of agreement, made the 26th day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, between Solomon's Lodge No. 1 A. F. M., an incorporation under the laws of the state of Georgia, and John S. Montmollin, of the county of Chatham and state aforesaid, said parties being the owners of lot number six, Lyreonnel Tything Derby ward, in the city of Savannah, and the proprietors of the building now in process of erection thereon, witnesseth that the said parties as to their ownership of lot and building and their future interest therein and the use thereof, do each with the other admit, agree, stipulate and covenant as follows: That the said Solomon's Lodge owns of said lot thirty feet on Bull street, and sixty feet and four inches on Broughton street, and that part of the building thereon, and that the said John S. Montmollin owns the rest and residue of said lot, and that part of the building on the same And it is further agreed that the entrance on Broughton street, on the southeast corner or end of that portion of the lot which belongs to the said Solomon's Lodge, as well as the entrance on the northeast corner of the building owned by John S. Montmollin, which entrance is on Congress street lane, shall be kept open and free for the use of the whole building. And it is further agreed that when the hall or second story is rented or used for any purpose that one third of the proceeds shall be paid over to said Solomon's Lodge, and the other two-thirds to the said John S. Montmollin, and that the said Solomon's Lodge is to have a voice in proportion to its third interest as to any use or disposition of said hall. And it is further agreed that the passage way to the third story of the building shall be used in common by the parties, and shall be kept forever open.

In witness whereof the said John S. Montmollin hath hereinto set his hand and seal, and the said Solomon's lodge hath caused to beset the hands of her master and wardens, and to be affixed her corporate seal, the day and year first above written.

JOHN S. MONTMOLLIN, [L. S.]
RICH'D T. TENNER, [L. S.]
W. Master.
A. ELIPH WEBSTER, [L. S.]
Sr. Warden.
JOHN S. MONTMOLLIN [L. S.]
Jr. Warden.

Signed and delivered in presence of
JOSEPH WHITE,
JOHN A. STALEY, J. P.

On the trial of the case, the court instructed the jury, under the provisions of the act of 1876, to find a special verdict in regard to the following facts, to-wit: "Was or was not the written agreement of June 26th, 1858, which was executed by John S. Montmollin and the officers of Solomon's lodge, made with the authority and consent of the lodge itself? If such agreement of the 26th of June, 1858, was not made with the authority and consent of the lodge, was it afterwards acted upon, ratified, and acquiesced in, by the Masonic lodge as a body?" The jury returned the following verdict: "We, the jury, find that the written agreement of June 26th, 1858, being the agreement mentioned in the bill, was executed by the authority and consent of Solomon's lodge, and was afterwards acted upon, ratified and acquiesced in, by the lodge as a body." The defendant made a motion for a new trial on various grounds of error alleged therein, which was overruled by the court, and the defendant excepted. The main controlling question in the case as presented by the record is, whether the verdict of the jury, as claimed by the plaintiff in error, was contrary to law and the evidence. The plaintiff in error insists that the verdict is contrary to law and the evidence, because the defendant's answer was not controverted by two witnesses, or by one witness and other corroborating circumstances.

The defendant admits in its answer, that the instrument in writing, as set forth in complainant's bill, marked exhibit A, was signed by Turner, its worshipful master, and by Webster and Montmollin, its senior and junior wardens, and that its corporate seal was placed thereon by its said officers at the time mentioned in said instrument, but avers that the same was never authorized, or ratified, by vote, resolution, or otherwise sanctioned by said detendant. When the common seal of a corporation appears to be affixed to an instrument, and the signatures of the proper officers are proved, courts are to presume that the officers did not exceed their authority, and the seal itself is *prima facie* evidence that it was affixed by proper authority, and the contrary must be shown by the objecting party. Angel & Ames on corporations, section 224. See also Butts vs. Cuthbertson, 6th Geo Rep. 171. In view of the admissions in the defendant's answer, and the evidence of Turner, Mrs. Montmollin, Tucker, John S. Montmollin and Hogg, as contained in the record, the verdict was not contrary to law or the evidence, but was in accordance therewith, and there was no error in overruling the defendant's motion for a new trial.

Let the judgment of the court below be affirmed.

J. R. Saussy; R. E. Lester; W. W. Garrard, for plaintiff in error.

Geo. A. Mercer; L. H. deMontmollin, for defendant.

Walker et. al. vs. Ferrill. Injunction, from Chatham.

WARNER, C. J.

The complainant filed his bill in the superior court of Chatham county against the defendants, with a prayer for an injunction, of which the following is a substantial copy: "Humbly complaining, your orator, John O. Ferrill, ordinary of Chatham county, showeth that by an act of the general assembly of the state of Georgia, approved 21st February, 1873, five commissioners and ex-officio judges were created and organized for said county, who under the terms of the said act, were to be appointed and commissioned by the governor of said state for a period of four years; that on or about the 21st of February, 1873, the governor did appoint and commission as said commissioners, for the period of four years as aforesaid, the following persons, to-wit: George P. Harrison, Robert D. Walker, M. H. Meyer, William W. Paine and Edward E. Anderson, jr., all of said county, that afterwards said Harrison resigned his said office as commissioner and William S. Lawton of said county was appointed in his place, to serve during his unexpired term, and that on the — day of September, 1876, the said Anderson departed this life, and Christopher C. Casey of said county was appointed and commissioned in his place, to serve during his unexpired term.

And your orator further shows that there is no provision in said act creating said commissioners, providing that they should act until their successors are appointed; that there is no provision authorizing the appointment of any successors to them in said office, but that by express terms of said act said commissioners were to be appointed and commissioned for a period of four years, and at the expiration of said term their term of office expired and the office ceased to exist, and that neither in said act, nor in any act amendatory thereof, is the power given to the goverenor to appoint successors to said commissioners, or to continue them in office after the expiration of the said term of four years from the said 21st February, 1873

And your orator further shows that said act creating said commissioners provides that they shall have the same jurisdiction, to the exclusion of the ordinary, as was then exercised by said ordinary when sitting for county purposes, and provides further that they shall have original jurisdiction in directing and controlling the property of the county, in levying taxes for said county and examining and settling the accounts of officers having the care of money belonging to the county, in examing and settling all claims against the county, in establishing roads, bridges and ferries, in providing for the support of the poor and for the promotion of health, in regulating peddling and fixing the cost therefor, in fixing the cost for license, for the sale of spirituous liquors and for the exhibition of shows, in superintending the registration of voters, establishing and abolishing election precincts, distributing the poor fund and receiving the bonds of county officers. And your orator shows that said act was amended by an act approved February 23, 1874, so as to give said commissioners power to issue writs of habeas corpus in certain cases, to appoint special constables, to fill vacancies in the office of constable, and to take charge of lunatics. All of which will more fully appear by reference to said acts, to which special reference is here made. And your orator further shows, that under and by virtue of said act creating said commissioners, the ordinary was required to turn over to said commissioners all books and papers relating to the jurisdiction and power conferred by said act and was prohibited from exercising any of the powers or functions so conferred upon said commissioners, and that now said commissioners have ceased to exist, the jurisdiction and powers that were taken from the ordinary and vested in said commissioners have been restored to the ordinary, and that your orator as ordinary is alone entitled to exercise said jurisdiction and powers, and to have in his keeping and custody all the books and papers appertaining thereto. And your orator shows that notwithstanding the term of said commissioners has expired, and that the period of time for which said commissioners were created, and during which they were to exercise their functions has terminated, yet the said Robert D. Walker, William S. Lawton, William W. Paine, Mathias H. Meyer and Christopher C Casey still claim and assume to act as said commissioners, and to discharge the duties and exercise the powers that were vested in said commissioners by the acts aforesaid, and still retain possession of the books and papers aforesaid, and have refused and still refuse to comply with the request and demand that your orator has made of them to cease to assume to act as said commissioners, and to turn over to your orator as ordinary as aforesaid all the books and papers appertaining to the office of commissioners formerly existing and held by them. And your orator is informed that certain documents purporting to be commissions, and purporting to re-appoint said Walker, Lawton, Paine, Meyer and Casey as commissioners for the term of four years from February 21st, 1877, are now in the possession of your honor, and that they, the said Walker, Lawton, Paine, Meyer and Casey have applied for them, and are requesting your honor to qualify them as said commissioners, although your orator avers that said pretended commissioners are issued without any authority of law, and are wholly null and void.

Wherefore, as your orator can have no adequate relief, except in a court of equity, to the end that the said Robert D. Walker, William S. Lawton, William W. Paine, Mathias H. Meyer and Christopher C. Casey may be restrained and enjoined from acting, and from assuming to act, as said commissioners, and from discharging and exercising, and from assuming to discharge and exercise any of the rights, duties, powers and functions which vested in said commissioners under the act creating said commissioners and the act, or acts, amendatory thereof, and from continuing to refuse to turn over to your orator, as ordinary, as aforesaid, the books and papers appertaining to their offices as commissioners, formerly existing, and from applying to your honor for said pretended commissions, and from qualifying under them, and that John Williamson as treasurer of said county of Chatham be restrained and enjoined from paying any drafts, warrants or orders drawn upon him as treasurer by said Walker, Lawton, Paine, Meyer and Casey, acting, or assuming to act, as said commissioners, and that the defendants be required to fully answer this bill; and that your orator may have such further relief as may appear to be proper, may it please your honor to grant, not only the writ of injunction restraining and enjoining the defendants, as is before set forth, but also the writ of subpoena requiring them to appear on a day certain, and under a penalty therein named, to answer your orator fully in the premises, and to stand to and perform such decree as may then and there be made against them."

The defendants, in pursuance of an order to show cause why the injunction prayed for should not be granted, appeared and demurred to the complainant's bill, on the ground that it contained no equity which would authorize the chancellor to grant the injunction prayed for. The chancellor, after considering the demurrer as well as the answers of the defendants, granted the injunction, whereupon the defendants excepted. The 15th section of the 5th article of the constitution of 1868 declares that "the general assembly shall have power to provide for the creation of county commissioners in such counties as shall require them, and to define their duties." The act of 1873, is "an act to create and organize commissioners of Chatham county, who shall be ex-officio judges, to define their jurisdiction and duties, and for other purposes." The first section of the act declares "that there shall be created and organized in the county of Chatham, state of Georgia, five commissioners of Chatham county, which commissioners shall be styled commissioners of Chatham county and ex-officio judges." The second section of the act declares "that said commissioners and ex officio judges for the county of Chatham, state of Georgia, shall be appointed and commissioned by the governor of said state for a period of four years," etc. The other several sections of the act define the jurisdiction, powers, and duties of said commissioners. The first section of the act, it will be perceived, created and organized five commissioners for Chatham county, in pursuance of that clause of the constitution before cited, which authorized the general assembly to do so. The second section of the act provides for the appointment of the commissioners created and organized by the first section for Chatham county, and declares that they shall be appointed by the governor for four years, that is to say, the term for which the commissioners shall be appointed by the governor to perform their duties, under the act creating them, shall be four years. But the commissioners so appointed would be eligible so to be re-appointed after the expiration of four years, inasmuch as the 129th section of the code declares that "All officers are eligible to reappointment, unless expressly declared to the contrary by the constitution, or laws." The 132d section of the code declares that "All officers in this state must discharge the duties of their office until their successors are commissioned and qualified." The 69th section of the code also declares that "The governor shall appoint all officers and fill all vacancies, unless otherwise prescribed by the constitution and laws. All appointments to discharge a public duty, by the general assembly, or by the governor under its authority, are declared to be officers within the constitution."

In our judgment, the act of 1873, creating and organizing fire commissioners for Chatham county, providing for their appointment, defining their jurisdiction and duties, is a permanent, constitutional, public law of the state; that the term for which the commissioners created and organized by it, and to be appointed by the governor, is limited to four years; but the act itself will continue of force until it is repealed, and at the expiration of four years from the date of appointment of the commissioners under the provisions of that act, it was the duty of the governor to reappoint them, or to appoint others in their place, and it will continue to be the duty of the governor to do so, at the expiration of every four years, under the provisions of the Code, until the act shall be altered or repealed. There are no words in the act limiting its operation to any definite period of time, or which indicate by any fair construction thereof that it was the intention of the legislature that it should be a temporary law for four years only. The law creating the commissioners did not expire with the period of time for which that law declared they should be appointed under it. The law continued indefinitely, until altered or repealed. The commissioners created by it were to be appointed as therein provided every four years. The fact that the word "successors" is omitted in the act has no legal significance whatever, in view of the general law of the state, as declared by the 132nd, 69th and 129th sections of the code before cited, of which the general assembly must be presumed to have had knowledge at the time the act was passed, and therefore it was not necessary to have repeated the general law of the state in the act in relation to the successors of the commissioners created by it, or the reappointment thereof by the governor after the expiration of the time for which they were appointed. The general law of the state had already provided for these things so long as the act creating and organizing commissioners for Chatham county remained unrepealed and unaltered. It follows, therefore, that the granting of the injunction prayed for by the chancellor was not only without authority of law, but in violation of the act of the general assembly of the state of Georgia of the 21st of February, 1873.

Let the judgment of the court below be reversed.

Jackson, Lawton & Basinger; R. E. Lester, for plaintiff in error.

Hartridge & Chisholm; A. P & S. B. Adams, for defendant.

The United States Marshalship.

Georgia Grange.

We give the following from the Monroe Advertiser, respecting our friend Col. Bedell, our cordial endorsement. He is most truly a gentleman of acknowledged ability, of splendid business capacity, of fine social position, and, withal the best known and the most popular man in Georgia. We know of no one better fitted for the position, or whose appointment would give higher satisfaction to the great body of our people. In him the state and general government would have an able, watchful and faithful officer. We trust he will be recognized by the authorities as the proper man for the position. The fight for the marshalship of Georgia is still progressing. Those who are familiar with the efforts being made by the different candidates concede that Col. W. E Bedell, formerly of Columbus but now of this city, has the inside track. Col. Bedell is a man of acknowledged ability, of splendid business capacity, and he would make a United States marshall of whom all Georgians could be proud.

—We have tried Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in our family, and can assert it is the best remedy for a cough or cold ever introduced. Price, 25 cents.

Assignee's Notice.

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of William B Arrington Bankrupt

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed assignee of the estate of William B Arrington, of Penfield, Greene county, Georgia, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court for said District.

JAMES B. PARK,
April 12, 1877 Assignee.
444 apr25—d1aw3w

Notice in Bankruptcy.

IN the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia In the matter of Hezekiah P. Shepard, bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of Hezekiah T. Shepard, of Walton county, Georgia, (P O Monroe) in said district who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition by the district court of said district.

VIRGIL A. COOPER, Assignee.
380 apr19...d1aw3w Monroe, Ga.

Notice in Bankruptcy

IN the United States District Court, for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of John B Patman—In Bankruptcy.

To whom it may concern. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of John B. Patman, of Watkinsville, in the county of Oconee and State of Georgia, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition. By the District Court of said District. April 19th, 1877.

J R LYLE,
362 apr20...d1aw3w Assignee.

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AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

Rates, $3 00 per Day.

HAVING leased this well known Hotel, I enter upon its management by reducing rates and asking of the traveling public a continuance of their generous support.

B. F. BROWN,
600 mar18—dtf Proprietor.

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TAKEN up and impounded at the City Station House, one red Heifer. The owner will please come forward and pay charges and take her away, or she will be sold on the 10th May at 12 o'clock.

L. P. THOMAS, Jr.,
563 may3...d d Chief of Police.

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Atlanta---History.

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The Gate City of the South—Its Business, Institutions and Business Men—Views of Public Edifices, Stores, Residences, Factories, Noted Places and Grounds—Waterworks, Parks, Mineral Springs and Surrounding Scenery—A Lithograph Map of the City,

A HISTORY OF ATLANTA from the erection of the first log cabin to the present time, from 1836 to 1877, containing a record of leading events, and the story of the city's marvelous progress, is nearly completed, and will be

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It will set forth the advantages of Atlanta as a place of *business or residence* present in an accurate statement of the city's financial condition showing the character and workings of its municipal government. It will have

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THE MAP AND ENGRAVINGS

are executed in this city and the book will be printed here. The cost will be distributed in Atlanta, and the book is therefore a home enterprise, brining money into the city and not sending it out

EVERY CITIZEN

ought to have the book, as it will acquaint him with important facts, and furnishes him both a useful and ornamental volume for his library or parlor, and one urgently needed to send abroad to friends and strangers seeking information about the Gate City and Metropolis of the South. Surely every citizen should encourage the work by at least a subscription for one or more copies.

The author is glad to state that OVER TWO THOUSAND VOLUMES have been already sold. But at least five thousand ought to be sold and distributed for the benefit of the city.

AGENTS WANTED (outside of the city.) Price, $3 00. Sent post-paid. Description circular sent free on application Sold only *by subscription.* To secure a copy it *must be subscribed for.* See or address

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ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

—Some of the early editors have even begun to talk about cucumbers.

—Sandy Higgins has returned from the centennial refreshed and reinvigorated.

—Col. Sidney Herbert objects to our statement that he wears bracelets. We omitted to state that the bracelets are nickel-plated. It will thus be perceived that we have no desire to do the colonel injustice.

—It is perhaps not too early to announce that spring has made a contract to remain in Georgia until summer learns her part well enough to skip upon the stage and make things warm for the audience.

—The Talbotton Standard advises people to live at home. This is good advice. It is better to live at home than to be boarding around.

—Thomasville is making great preparations to entertain the editors. Her hospitality knows no bounds.

—Talbotton had a thunder storm the other day. We are glad to know that the rice mills of the Count Johannes B. Gormanne remain unscathed.

—The Macon Telegraph had no paper on the first of May. The boys wanted a holiday.

—Wheat is looking well in Lafayette.

—Mrs. Mary Hazleton, of Rome, has completed her one hundred and third year.

—Colonel U. L. Wright, formerly of Griffin, died recently in San Francisco.

—The court-house at Thomaston is undergoing improvements.

—A man named William Korner committed suicide in Savannah the other day. Mental depression is supposed to be the cause.

—The Dade county furnace averages nine hundred and sixty tons of iron a month.

—It is thought that Dade county will vote in favor of a convention.

—Thomas F. DeGamis, a Savannah machinist, fell dead recently while talking to a brother workman. Heart disease.

—The Grinnett Herald under the head of "THE CONSTITUTION," thoughtfully remarks: It affords us pleasure to invite the attention of our readers to the prospectus of this able and enterprising journal. It is too well known to the people of Gwinnett and adjoining counties to require any commendation from us. It has been with us, and a large majority of our people, for a long time, a favorite on account of its enterprise and reliability. Under its present able management, it is unquestionably the best newspaper in the state. With an able choir of editors, reporters and special correspondents, its readers are thoroughly posted on all subjects of general interest, and it has attained a circulation unequalled by any political paper south of Louisville. Located at the state capital, and where that capital ought to remain, it is looked to for the decision of the supreme court, proceedings of state conventions and legislatures, and enjoys superior advantages in this respect, which will always insure it a large state circulation, while it is managed by the enterprising gentlen en who now control it. They have recently added an agricultural department, under the management of Malcom Johnson, secretary of the State Agricultural society, that will add much to its interest among farmers.

—Americus Republican.—We are indebted to some unknown friend, who has sent us, through the mail, a copy of the Marietta Helicon, published at Marietta, February 27, 1847, by C. W. Hancock, and edited by J. B. Randall. The paper, which was the first newspaper venture of our senior, contains an account of the capitulation of Monterey from the pen of Jefferson Davis, Colonel of Mississippi riflemen, also the letter of General Santa Anna to the Mexican congress, dated December 27, 1846, announcing his acceptance of the provisional presidency of the Mexican republic, to which he had just been elected. It has also a number of other articles upon the subject of the Mexican war, which was then engrossing the attention of the people of the two republics. The paper is admirably printed and well filled with good reading matter, and certainly creditable both to its editor and its young publisher.

—Rome Courier: From Job Rogers, who returned from Dalton last Tuesday night, we learn the following facts in regard to the recent homicide in Whitfield county. The murder was committed in the neighborhood of Gordon Springs, and some ten miles from Dalton. The man killed—Mr. C. C. Phillips—is no relation to the Farrell family, and Charley Farrell had been at work for him on the farm, and they were perfectly friendly. On Friday afternoon Mr. Phillips and Charley went in company to a still-house about a mile from Mr. Phillips' farm, where they got a bottle of whisky from a negro, and both commenced drinking pretty freely. They then started for the residence of Mrs. Gray, about a mile distant to get some tobacco. Mr. Phillips was riding a mule and Charley was walking. A short distance before reaching Mrs. Gray's there is a fork in the road, and Charley says he told Mr. Phillips to ride on and get his tobacco, and he would there till he returned. Mrs. Gray says Mr. Phillips came to her house about sunset, got some tobacco, and after sitting some half hour she heard some one call Mr. Phillips. He said, "the boys are calling me, and I must go," and immediately left the house. She heard no shooting. Charley says that shortly after he had called Phillips he heard several pistol shots and rocks, and he ran. He went to the house of Mr. Capehart, and tried to get some one to go back with him at once and investigate the cause of the shooting. But as he was somewhat under the influence of liquor, the Capeharts refused to go. One of the young men, however, went on with him to the next neighbor's, Mr. Jones, from which place they sent over to Mrs. Phillips, and learned that Mr. P. had not returned home. Early Saturday morning Charley went to Mr. Phillips' house, and there learned that the mule had come home but Mr. P. had not. He took the mule, and after getting a friend to go with him, started to search for Mr. Phillips. Just before reaching Mrs. Gray's they learned that Mr. Ross, son-in-law of Mrs. Gray, had found the dead body of Mr. Phillips in the road not far from Mrs. G.'s house. They went on to the body and found it nicely laid out, with the tobacco he had bought in the bosom of his coat, and a six-barrelled pistol lying empty on his person. There were two bruises on his head, and a pistol-shot wound on the side of his nose near one eye, that ranged a little downward There were a good many tracks near the body. Charley went to town for the coroner and attended the inquest. He was greatly astonished at learning that any suspicion rested on himself, yet showed no uneasiness or disposition to get away. The grand jury is in session. On Tuesday, after a long deliberation, they found a true bill against Charley. His friends urged an immediate trial, but the solicitor refused to go into it. We know Mr. Rogers, our informant, to be a truthful man, and the above are the facts as he learned them.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretion of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c. I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*

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Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money, averting sickness and suffering. Each single specine the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

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9.	Headaches, Sick Headache Vertigo,	50
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11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	50
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	50
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	50
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	50
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	50
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	Piles, blind or bleeding,	50
18.	Opthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness,	50
29.	Involuntary Discharges,	1 00
30.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
31.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
32.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	50
33.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1 00
34.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
35.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
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Case (Morocco) with above 35 large vials and Manual of Directions, $10 00

Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 6 00

☞ These remedies are sent by the case or single vial to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address

Humphreys' Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co., Office and Depot, No. 562 BROADWAY, New York.

For Sale by all Druggists.

COLLIER & VENABLE, THEO. SCHUMANN

Sale of the Memphis Branch RAILROAD

AND ITS EQUIPMENT, AND OTHER PROPERTY BELONGING TO THE MEMPHIS BRANCH RAILROAD CO.

UNDER and in pursuance of an order issued from the Executive Department of the State of Georgia, on the 16th day of April, 1877, as follows, after certain recitations, to-wit;

"Ordered, That all the property of said Company seized as aforesaid, now in the possession of Robert T. Fouch, Agent of the State, under said order be sold to the highest bidder, at public outcry, in the city of Rome, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on first Tuesday in June next; the said sale will be made for cash; for bonds of this State, or the first mortgage bonds of said company indorsed in behalf of the State under the authority of the act approved October 22, 1870," will be sold to the highest bidder at public outcry, at the Depot of the Rome Railroad Company, in the city of Rome, on the first Tuesday in June next, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., the following property, to wit: The Memphis Branch Railroad, its Equipments, and all other Property belonging to said Railroad Company, to-wit:

The said Railroad commencing at Rome, Ga., and running in the direction of Decatur, Ala.; 17 miles graded with the superstructure and iron laid on five miles and a little over out from the city of Rome, including said superstructure, iron, rigths of way, bridges, buildings, lands for depots and other purposes, the franch se of said company, and all other property attached or pertaining to said Railroad as fixtures; one Narrow Guage Engine or Locomotive, new and in good order; four new first class flat cars; one Transit and Level and box of Drawing Instruments, and all other personal property of said company. Said Railroad is three (3) feet guage. Said Railroad, Equipments and Property will be sold for cash or bonds of this State or the first mortgage bonds of said company indorsed by the State under the authority of the act approved October 22, 1877.

ROBERT T. FOUCHE, Agent for the State.

Rome, Ga., April 30, 1877,

558 may2...dlawtd

SPRING MILLINERY.

Mrs. A. F. Pickert.

I HAVE now on exhibition my Spring selection of imported Bonnets and Hats—fine Flowers a specialty. A large assortment of Rouching, &c. Latest novelty in Veiling. A full line of Hair Goods and Notions, always on hand, which I offer at very low prices, to suit every one. Call and inspect my stock, and you will be convinced. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

MRS. A. F. PICKERT, 45 Whitehall Street.

202 apr15 deod2m

Assignee's Notice.

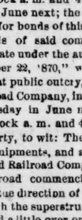
IN the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of James H. Wagnon, bankrupt

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of James H. Wagnon, of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district. WALTER POWELL,

488 apr27 d1aw3w. Assignee.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED



PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE,

And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN, at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and in my opinion the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

Worcestershire Sauce

REMIUM AWARDED AT CENTENNIAL FO

1st. "Excellent Taste."

2d. "Very Carefully Prepared."

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

NEW YORK

jly14—d1aw1mDV.&T.

Housee-Furnish'ng Goods.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATHS,

36 and 38 PEACHTREE STREET, Cor. of Walton,

ATLANTA, GA.

JOBBERS AND DEALERS

IN

Stoves, House-Furnishing Goods, Slate and Iron Mantles, Grates, Tinners' Trimmings, Tin Plate. Sheet Iron, Copper, Steam Pipe and Fixtures, Pumps, Rubber Hose Bath Tubs, Wash Stands, &c

We have the LARGEST stove house in the state, and keep the most complete assortment of goods in this section of the country. Our facilities for purchasing are equal to any house in the south. We are determined not to be excelled and propose to sell as low as any other house. We ask a careful inspection of our stock and guarantee to save our customers money. Try us.

355 apr22...suns. tues weds 3mos

Horseshoes Nails Etc.

SHOENBERGER & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

JUNIATA

HORSE AND MULE

SHOES,

Cut Nails & Spikes,

HORSE SHOE BAR AND

SHEET IRON.

Goods warranted equal to any in the market. Send for circular in regard to "PICKED NAILS," Corner 15th and Etna Streets, SBURGH, PA.

Undertakers.

C. H. SWIFT, Ag't

FOR

O. H. Jones and W. D. Luckie,

DEALER in Metallic and Wooden Burial Cases and Caskets. The only house in the city that sells the celebrated "Fisk Patent Metallic Burial Caskets and Cases."

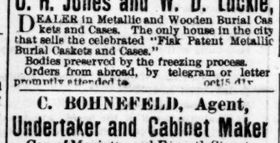
Bodies preserved by the freezing process. Orders from abroad, by telegram or letter promptly attended to. oct15 d1y

C. BOHNEFELD, Agent,

Undertaker and Cabinet Maker

Cor. of Marietta and Forsyth Streets,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.



HAS now and will keep constantly on hand the best assortment of Coffins, Burial Cases, and Caskets, with the latest improvements on the "OLD FISK" patterns, and decidedly "Superior" in style, workmanship, finish, and the most elegant production of the art.

☞ with greatly reduced prices. ☜

Manufactured by Crane, Breed & Co., the leading house in the United States.

Hearses and Carriages furnished in any style and quantity, at the lowest rates.

All orders from or abroad will have prompt attention.

Furniture made and repaired to order.

may9... m08 dod1y

New Holland Springs,

(Hall County, Ga., Gainesville P. O.)

LOCATED 2 miles east of Gainesville, on Air Line R. R., 55 mile post N. E. of Atlanta; E. W. Holland and wife, Manager. This celebrated watering place is now being thoroughly repaired, and will be ready for the reception of guests by 15th May to November 1st. Good country board will be served up at 50 cents per meal; lodging 50 cents; $2 per day; $10 per week; pap ttie we kly. Baggage delivered at Hotel from car shed FREE. Extra service, extra charge. The mineral properties of the large spring (flows 15,000 gallons an hour) are Magnesia, Carbonic-acid, Gas, Lime and Iron; and 600 yards north is a spring of Chalybeate and Sulphur water, cures Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Chronic and Kidney Diseases, General Debility, and creates a ravenous appetite etc. If you went to *die*, must leave, *no grave yard here.*

EDW. W. HOLLAND, Manager.

6 apr6...d4m

Public Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN that a general meeting of the Stockholders of the GEORGIA AIR-LINE RAILWAY COMPANY, will be held at the office of that Company in Atlanta, Georgia, on the 17th day of May next, at Ten o'clock, a. m., of that day, for the purpose of considering the consolidation agreement which has been entered into between the Directors of that Company, and the Directors of South Carolina Air-Line Railway Company and the North Carolina Air-Line Company.

Dated April 14th, 1877. C. H. PEIRCE, Secretary.

103 apr15...d11thmay

Steam Engines

FOR LOW PRICES. Addr ss

GEO. A. BARNARD

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

143 apr11...d4w

Libel for Divorce.

Chas. Grier vs. Caroline Grier.—Divorce in Fulton Superior Court.

IT appearing to the Court by the return of the sheriff that defendant does not reside in Fulton county, and it being represented to the Court that she lives beyond the limits of the State of Georgia: Ordered, that service be perfected by publication in The Atlanta Constitution as the law requires, and that defendant appear and answer or stand in default. April 16, 1877.

J. B. REDWINE, Attorney for Libellant.

A true extract from the minutes.

WM. H. VENABLE, D. C.

545 may1 d1am4m

PUTS! CALLS!

STRADDLES!!

25, $50, $100, $200, $450

ALEX. FROTHINGHAM & CO., Bankers and Brokers, No. 12 Wall St., New York, make for customers desirable investments in Cotton Privileges, in amounts to suit, from 10 bales upwards, in 7 day, 15 day, one month, two months, three month and six month contracts which frequently return from ten and forty times the amount invested. Future Contracts bought and sold on a margin of 1/8c. Explanatory Circular and Daily Report of the Cotton Market sent free. apr8 d1 dly

B. WOODWARD & CO.,

Cotton Brokers

WE have special arrangements with our friends in New York for purchase and sale Future Contracts. dec6—d6m

Postponed Commissioner's Sale.

UNDER an order from Douglas Superior Court we will sell to the highest bidder, before the Court House in Douglasville, Douglas county, on Tuesday, the first day of June, 1877, all the real estate belonging to the New Manchester Manufacturing Company, being 183½ acres in Douglas county; consisting of Land lot 882, and parts of lots 884, 928, 929, 953 and 954, in the 14th district and 2nd section. This is a valuable Water Power. Sale made for partition and sold at the risk of A. S. Atkinson, as executor of C. J. McDonald, the former purchaser. Terms cash—purchaser paying for titles. March 29, 1877.

JOHN C. BOWDON,
JOHN F. GLOVER,
W. N. MAGUIRE,
Commissioners.

090 may8 1wtds

LOST.

I HAVE LOST the following note in this city. All persons are hereby warned not to trade for the same.

M. T. SIMMONS.

Columbus, Ga., Sept. 13, 1873.

On or by the first day of June, 1875, I promise to pay JOHN A. CORBALLY, or bearer, Two Hundred Dollars, part of purchase money for the east part of city lot No 262

577 may3...d3t ALICE J. HUGHES.

Atlanta Air-Line House.

The Building Thoroughly Improved! Every Room New and Comfortably Furnished! Within 70 yards of Union Passenger Depot. Regular Boarders furnished with good rooms. Transient Rates, per day.....$1 50

Single Meal or Lodging.....50

☞ Special rates for longer time.

Day Boarders Wanted. E. T. WHITE,

000 may3...d1w Manager.

THE ATLANTA METHODIST ADVOCATE, an official paper of the Methodist Episcopal Church in the Southern States, in its ninth volume has never missed a week or been an hour behind time. Circulation 2 500. $2 per year in advance. Six months for $1.

HITCHCOCK & WALDEN, Publishers
110 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.
E. Q. FULLER, D. D., Editor.
may2 dtf

REMOVAL!

I RESPECTFULLY call the attention of my friends and the public generally to my removal from No. 47 Peachtree street to

Norcross Building,

Corner Marietta and Peachtree streets, formerly occupied by Messrs. Phillips & Crew, where I will transact the wholesale and retail

DRUG BUSINESS

in all its branches. The retail and Prescription Department will be in charge of Mr. Chas. H. Greene, recently of Augusta, Ga., long and favorably known as a skillful Pharmacist.

Dr. J. S. Pemberton will be with me, whose skill and experience in the drug business requires no comment. He will have charge of the Manufacturing, and assist in the Wholesale Department. My customers may rely on being supplied with

Pure Drugs and Medicines

at as low prices as reliable articles can be furnished.

In this connection I will tender my thanks to former patrons, and to assure them of my appreciation of thus esteemed favors, and to extend to them and all others a hearty invitation to call on me in my new quarters.

348 apr22 d3m GEO. J. HOWARD.

Notice.

HAVING sold my interest in the Planing Mill and Box Factory, I have removed my office to No. 24 Loyd street (Markham House Block) I will contract for or superintend the erection of

All Classes of Buildings

on reasonable terms. Having purchased the extensive

SAW MILLS

of L. H. Hall & Co., of Polk county, I am prepared to furnish Bills of Lumber, sawed from the finest Long Leafed Pine, at the Lowest Prices. A large stock of

Seasoned Lumber!

on hand, for sale at prices to suit the times.

J. C. PECK.

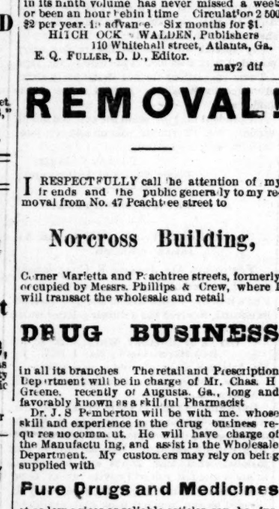
Atlanta, April 13, 1877. 176 apr13...d1m

Fly Traps! Fly Traps!!

Hunnicutt & Bellingraths.

SAVE All Fly Trap, The Trap of the age, at 36 and 38 Peachtree street.

435 dw22 d1m



MILITARY CLOTHING.

ESTABLISHED 1834.

The oldest Military Clothing House in the U. S. Long and favorably known in the Southern Trade.

JACOB REED,

301, 303 and 305 S. SECOND ST.,

PHILADELPHIA.

Military Companies, Bands and Colleges uniformed at the shortest notice. Satisfaction guaranteed in Cut, Style and Trimming. Prices reasonable.

Lithographs and directions for measurement, with samples of goods, etc., furnished on application. dec6—deodtmo

Notice in Bankruptcy

IN the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Samuel W. Small, Bankrupt.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of Samuel W. Small, of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

NOAH R. FOWLER, Assignee.

418 apr24...d1a3w

Cotton Factory.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Atlanta Cotton Factory Company will be held on Wednesday, the 16th day of May next, at James' Hall, at 5 o'clock p. m. The polls for the election of officers will remain open until 7 p. m. No subscriber for stock will be allowed to vote unless some instalments have been paid on the stock.

E. E. RAWSON, Secretary.

416 apr25...deodtc

Business Directory.

E. P. SCOTT & CO.,

8 Exchange Court, New York,

Bankers & Merchants.

BUY and Sell Stocks, Bonds and Gold on Commission. Also, contracts for future delivery of Cotton. jan28—d6m,b'd

Dentists.

HOLLAND & CRENSHAW.

DENTISTS.

Office, 24 Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA

June1 7, 1876—dly

D. SMITH,

Dentist.

Office 56 and Residence 178 Whitehall Street

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

nov28, 1876—dly

DR. JAS. ALLEN LINK,

Dentist,

63 WHITEHALL, corner of Hunter street. Residence 43 Cooper street.

jan10, 1877—d6m

Lawyers.

ANDREW BATES,

Attorney at Law,

GRANT'S NEW BUILDING,

40 Marietta Street,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA

71 apr8 1877 d6m

B. S. IRVIN,

Attorney at Law

WASHINGTON, GEORGIA.

PRACTICE in Wilkes and neighboring counties. Prompt and faithful attention given to the collection of claims. nov19, 1876—dly

POPE BARROW. DAVID C. BARROW, JR

BARROW BROS.,

Attorneys at Law

ATHENS, GEORGIA.

june25, 1876—dly

GEO F. WOOTEN,

Attorney at Law

AND

GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

I MAKE all kinds of collecting a Specialty, and have in my employ efficient subordinates whose single duty is to assist in finding delinquent debtors, and by continued "dunning" making them pay. ☞ No charge for services attached to any claim unless a collection is made. Office: In Railroad Block, (up-stairs) opposite National Hotel. ap6, 1877—dly

R. A. MASSEY,

Attorney at Law

DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the counties of Douglas Campbell, Carroll, Cobb and Paulding, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. jan30, 1877—d12m

B. L. BERNER. C. A. TURNER

BERNER & TURNER,

Attorneys at Law.

FORSYTH, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in all the Courts, and give special attention to the collection of claims. Refer to Wm. H. Head, Banker, Forsyth, Ga. Bonner & Allen, Cotton Factors, Forsyth, Ga. feb1, 1877—dly

JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

Office, No. 5 Kimball House, First Floor,

Atlanta, - - - Georgia.

SPECIAL ATTENTION to Cases arising under the Commercial Law. feb1— aug29, 1876—d1y

LEONARD PHINIZY,

Attorney at Law

S. E. Corner Broad and McIntosh streets,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

References by permission—J. M. Brady, Son & Co., Augusta, Ga.; Wm. T. White & President Commercial Bank, Augusta, Ga.; Alfred Baker, President National Exchange Bank, Augusta, Ga.; Gen. John P. King, President of Georgia R. R. & Bk'g Co., Augusta, Ga.; John H. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Y. L. G. Harris, President Southern Mutual Ins. Co., Athens, Ga. ☞ Claims collected in any part of the State. feb26, 1877—d1y

W. L. MARLER. HENRY PERRY

MARLER & PERRY,

Attorneys at Law

GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.

SPECIAL attention given to collections. Will practice in the courts of Hall, Jackson, Banks, Dawson, Lumpkin, White and Rabun counties. june30, 1876—d1y

A. W. BALDWIN,

Attorney at Law

MADISON, GA.

REFERENCES—Dr. [illegible] Prof. Law Univ. Va.; Hon. A. [illegible], Judge Augustus Reese. Judge Geo. A. Bartlett, Col. Geo. W. Adair. june9—d1y

LUTHER J. GLENN. HOWELL C. GLENN

L. J. GLENN & SON,

Attorneys at Law

HAVE removed their office to the room formerly occupied by Gartrell & Wright, in the Muhlinbrink Building, corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets. dec31—d1y

O. A. LOCHRANE.

Attorney at Law

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

mar22—d1y

Brick for Sale.

200,000 BRICK Always on hand at Reduced Prices. I am also prepared to BUILD ROCK or BRICK MASONRY at short notice and prices to suit the times. Call on

PAT LYNCH,

Builder and Contractor

are now at [illegible] Peachtree, No. [illegible]

Drs. A. K. & R. H. TAYLOR,

—Formerly of Memphis—

Resident Physicians

HOT SPRINGS, ARK.

PERSONS desiring information, will receive prompt and careful attention.

882 mar31...d1y

KINGSFORD'S

Oswego Starch

Is the BEST and MOST ECONOMICAL in the World.

Is perfectly PURE—free from acids and other foreign substances that injure Linen.

Is STRONGER than any other—requiring much less quantity in using.

Is UNIFORM—stiffens and finishes work always the same.

Kingsford's Oswego Corn Starch

Is the most delicious of all preparations for PUDDINGS, BLANC-MANGE, CAKE, ETC.

175 apr18...d1mo

NEW FIRM.

COOK & STEWART,

Successors to Cook, Gunby & Co.,

Contractors & Builders,

AND PROPRIETORS OF THE

Atlanta Steam Planing Mills.

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, BRACKETS, MOULDINGS, and all kinds of House Building Material, furnished on short notice, and at lowest cash prices. Manufacturers of Cook's Three Rail Combined Wood and Iron Fence.

G. W. D. COOK. FRED. S. STEWART.

pr6...d3m, fri, sun & wed 7dp

ONE CAR LOAD

Refrigerators and Ice Boxes,

AT Manufacturers prices; must be sold. Call and see. A liberal discount to the trade. HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATHS, 36 and 38 Peachtree, cor Walton street. 353 apr22 d1m Atlanta, Ga.

Livery Stable

AND OMNIBUS LINE, ATHENS, GEORGIA

BUS meets every train, both at the Georgia and North-Eastern depot. Call for Cooper Bus. J. Z. COOPER

Claim and General Business Agency.

Atlanta, Ga.

THE undersigned has opened an office in the city of Atlanta, for the collection of claims, private and public, and the transaction of business generally at the State Capitol and at Washington. Prompt attention will be given to business with the various State departments. Salaries and other demands collected, and information furnished, when desired. Charges reasonable. Orders solicited.

J. B. SNEED, Address P. O. Box 548.

426, apr28 d1f

White Lead.

W. H. GRACE, Prest. F. W. ROCKWELL, Sec

SOUTHERN WHITE LEAD CO.

Every package of this Company's brand of Strictly Pure White Lead bears the following guarantee:

"The White Lead contained in this package is guaranteed by the Manufacturers, the SOUTHERN WHITE LEAD CO., St. Louis, Mo., to contain no adulteration whatever. It is composed entirely of perfectly Pure Carbonate of Lead and Linseed Oil, and is sold subject to Chemical Analysis and the Blow Pipe Test."

The name of this Company is placed ONLY upon STRICTLY PURE Lead. It is not placed upon a second or inferior quality. So parties purchasing White Lead branded "SOUTHERN COMPANY" are *absolutely sure* of obtaining a PERFECTLY PURE ARTICLE.

For Sale by Dealers in Paints and Oils throughout the South and West.

For sale by DUCK & CO., 25 Alabama street, and GEO. J. HOWARD, 47 Peachtree street. oct31—d6mo

Spool Cotton.

ESTABLISHED 1812

(Wound on White Spools.)

GEORGE A. CLARK, Sole Agent.

A full assortment of this celebrated brand of SPOOL COTTON can now be had at the Popular Dry Goods House of

M. C. & J. F. KISER & CO.,

ATLANTA, GA.

P. S.—All our customers supplied with CLARK'S O. N. T. WRAPPING PAPER, FREE OF CHARGE, on application. dec22—d6mo M. C. & J. F. KISER & CO

TO THE PUBLIC.

E. RAUSCHENBERG & SON, House and Sign PAINTERS.

PAPER HANGING and Glazing. Calcimining a Specialty. Give us a call. No 6 West Hunter Street, under M. Rich & Bro. 455 apr26...d1mo

A. SATZKY,

Merchant Tailor,

No. 4 Peachtree Street,

Under National Hotel, Atlanta, Ga.

GREAT REDUCTION in Price of New and Fashionable Spring and Summer goods. This stock comprises all the latest designs of French and English Suitings, English and French Diagonals and all Colored Cloths and Doeskin, all of which I am prepared to make up in my usual style by first class workmen. Call and examine before purchasing your suits elsewhere. 995 apr5-d1m

ELLIS, DAVIS & CO.,

Slate Manufacturers & Roofers.

SLATE roofs have no equal. will last a century. It is economy to use it in preference to anything. We keep a good stock on hand, and ready to do work at short notice in the city or any part of the country. Our prices are much lower than heretofore. Office at J. M. Meyers' lime depot, 52 Broad street. Orders promptly executed by

A. M. GOODRICH.

355 apr22 d1m

JUST PUBLISHED.

Institute of Common and Statute Law

BY JOHN B. MINOR, LL. D.,

Professor of Common and Statute Law in the University of Virginia.

Vol. I. Rights which Relate to the Person.

Vol. II. Rights which relate to Real Property.

2d edition, with Chronology of the Law, Table of Contents, and of Cases, and Complete Indexes.

Price $15, with discount to the trade.

For sale by WEST, JOHNSON & CO., and RANDOLPH & ENGLISH, Richmond, Va., and by booksellers generally. Address (P. O. University of Va.) M. McKENNIE & SON, Booksellers and Publishers 974 apr4...d&wlm

B. M. WOOLLEY'S Painless American OPIUM Cure or ANTIDOTE.

The habit of using Morphine, Gum Opium, Laudanum or elixir of opium cured painlessly and speedily, by this improved remedy. Manufactured at Atlanta, Ga. at reduced prices. Tested in hundreds of cases. Guaranteed. Valuable particulars FREE. Address B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga.

52 apr22-2awd&w

Camp's Early Prolific Corn

34th Year's Selection.

THIS is a white Corn, maturing early. Price 15 cents per packet of one pound in store, or 35 cents by mail.

MARK W. JOHNSON, Commission Merchant, Atlanta, Ga.

apr8 d&wtf

Prolific Cotton,

4th Year.

CAMP'S Early Prolific Cotton Seeds—crop of 1876—Careful selections by Mr. Harry Camp, of Covington, from the celebrated D. Dickson and W. H. Aaron cotton seeds. Price per sack of one peck $1 00. For sale by

MARK W. JOHNSON, Atlanta, Ga.

apr8 d&wtf

USE

HOWARD HYDRAULIC CEMENT

FOR

Building Purposes,

SUCH AS

Bridges, Foundations, Cisterns, Vaults, &c.

USED IN

Bridges and Culverts on Cincinnati Southern Railroad.

Send for circular.

Address G. H. WARING, Kingston, Ga.

547 may1...d6m

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Turner & Braumuller is this day dissolved by mutual consent. O. L. Braumuller will continue the business. He is authorized to collect and receipt for all amounts due said firm, and will pay all demands against the firm or Mrs. Agnes Turner and W. H. Turner.

The retiring partners bespeak for him a continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed upon the firm.

MRS. AGNES TURNER, W. H. TURNER, O. L. BRAUMULLER.

May 1st, 1877.

To the Public.

HAVING secured exclusive control of the business formerly conducted by Turner & Braumuller, I have determined to sell all my goods EXTREMELY LOW, and consequently STRICTLY FOR CASH. Soliciting patronage on this basis, I am, respectfully,

553 may1...d1w O. L. BRAUMULLER.

Relief for the Afflicted.

DR. RICE,

37 Court Place, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency,

as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in mature years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams), Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHILIS positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhea, GLEET, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia (or Rupture), Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.

It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. Where it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

Consultations personally or by letter free and confidential. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

PRIVATE COUNSELOR

Of 300 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P. M.

aug9—d&wly

MANHOOD RESTORED.

Victims of youthful imprudence, who have tried in vain every known remedy, will learn of a simple prescription, FREE, for the speedy cure of nervous debility, premature decay, lost manhood, and all disorders brought on by excesses. Any druggists has the ingredients. Address DAVIDSON & CO., 86 Nassau St., N. Y. oct30—deod&wly

MARRIAGE GUIDE An illustrated work

Preferred Locals.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS.
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
Use Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar23-dtf

W. Jennings & Co.,
WHITE PINE
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS,
38 Decatur Street.
feb8—d3mo

75 Seventy-five 75
75 Seventy-five 75
75 Seventy-five 75
☞ New Styles for Spring,
☞ New Styles for Spring,
☞ New Styles for Spring,
Have been received—and more to come—a the "DOMESTIC" office,
31 PEACHTREE STREET.
No Patterns ever combined such ELEGANCE, ECONOMY & RELIABLE FIT
030 apr11..dtf

False Impression.

It is generally supposed by physicians and the people generally that Dyspepsia cannot invariably be cured, but we are pleased to say that Green's August Flower has never, to our knowledge, failed to cure Dyspepsia and and Liver Compliant in all its forms, such as Sour Stomach, Costiveness, Sick Headache palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, bad taste in the mouth, etc. Out of the 50,000 dozen bottles sold last year, not a single failure was reported, but thousands of complimentary letters received from Druggists of wonderful cures. Three do es will relieve any case. Try it. Sample Bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. For sale by HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR, Wholesale Druggists.
349 apr22 dee4weow1f

New Advertisements.

Atlanta Illustrated—E Y Clarke.
Sheriff's sales—M Nicholas.
Engravings at auction—Joyner & Ellis
Peachtree residence—Marcus A Bell & Son.
Funeral notice of Mr Patrick Leonard.
Dr Bull's Cough Syrup.
Fine furniture at auction—Joyner & Ellis.
Trinity Sunday school picnic to-day.
6 room residence—Marcus A Bell & Son.
Board and rooms—Calloway House.
Gold necklace property
Milch cows for sale J Y Carmichael.
Safe and mirror for sale J M Holbrook.
Chromos at auction—Joyner & Ellis.
Printing material for sale—Podson & Co.
Interest in established business—C E D.
Furnished rooms for rent—153½ Broad st.
Outdoor employment wanted—Cashier.
Furnished room wanted—Box 217.
11 room mansion—Bell & Son.
Circular No. 87—Thomas B Janes.
Dooley's Yeast Powder.
Wilbor's compound of cod liver oil and lime.
For dismission—R C Beavers.
Grand concert by the Post Band.
Engravings and chromos—Joyner & Ellis.
Atlanta Dramatic Association, May 10th.

For Rent,

A portion of the attractive Store No. 6 Marietta street. Suitable for Real Estate or Insurance office. A. R. EVERETT.
may5...d3t

GRAND CONCERT
BY THE
POST BAND!

At Concordia Hall, Marietta street, on Wednesday, May 9th. Tickets, 50 cents. For sale at Phillips & Crew's, Bermann & Kuhrt, H. Werner (Farracks), and at the door on the evening of the Concert. 009 may4..65t

The sale of Engravings and Chromos last night at 27 Whitehall street, was large y attended. The sale will be continued to-day at 3 and 7½ p m. Don't fail to attend. The ladies are particularly invited 611 1t

An oriental traveller describes this busy scene, witnessed on historic shores: "Our steamer landed on a beach which was the port of Antioch, where the disciples were first called Christians. There was no town at the water's edge, no people, no wharf. The passengers and the merchandise were put ashore in lighters, which ran up into the sand. A troop of camels, with their drivers, lay on the beach, ready to transfer the goods into the interior. Among the articles landed were boxes marked 'DR. J. C. AYER & Co., LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.,' showing that they contained medicines and whence they came. These with other goods were hoisted on the backs of came's, for transportation to Antioch Thus the skill of the West sends back its remedies to heal the maladies of populations that inhabit those eastern shores, whence our spiritual manna came."—*Windsor Vt. Chronicle.*
244 may1...wlt&d1w

The auction of Chromos and Engravings by Joyner & Ellis was well patronized last night and the bidding spirited, considering the times. The sale will continue every day at 3 o'clock and 7½ p m., until the stock is sold Attend th's sale 611 1t

CEMENT,
PLASTER OF PARIS,
AND LIME.
Fresh and standard weight, for sale lowest cash prices, by A. LEYDEN,
73 apr8 d2m Agent Louisville Cement Co.

"Venice Preserved," by the Atlanta Dramatic Association will be performed at DeGive's Opera House, Thursday, May 10th, instead of Tuesday, May 8th, as originally announced. may4...d1t

Tapestry Brussels at 90c. Window Shades at $1 75, put up, at
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co's.
151 apr22...dtf

Remember the sale of Engravings and Chromos at 27 Whitehall street this day at three o'clock, also at 7½ o'clock 611 1t

100 pieces of the latest styles in Dress Goods and Summer Silks marked down to cost at
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co's.
151 apr22...dtf

Trinity Sunday School will picnic at Ponce de Leon, to-day. The street cars will run every few minutes, starting at the junction of Peachtree and Marietta streets at 9 o'clock a.m
may4..d1t

To the Consumptive—Let those who languish under the fatal severity of our climate through any pulmonary complaint, or even those who are in decided consumption, by no means despair. There is a safe and sure remedy at hand and one easily tried. "*Wilbor's Compound of Cod Liver Oil and Lime,*" without possessing the very nauseating flavor of the Oil as heretofore used, is endowed by phosphate of lime with a healing property which renders the oil doubly efficacious. Remarkable testimonials of its efficacy can be exhibited to those who desire to see them, by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston.
8 may4..deodlw

BOTH PRUDENCE AND AMBITION concur in urging honest men to do the best possible think, each in his own line of business It is this feeling which has made DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER the best in the market. The cans are always full weight, and the contents chemically pure and most skillfully compounded.

Florida.

A throng of sufferers with coughs and colds, annually go South to enjoy the ethereal mildness of the land of flowers. To them we would say the necessity of that expensive trip is obviated by Compound Honey of Tar, which speedily vanquishes the coughs and colds incident to this rigorous clime. For public speakers it surpasses the Demosthenic regimen of "pebbles and sea shore:" clearing the throat until the voice rings with the silvery cadence of a bell. Use Compound Honey of Tar. Price, 50 cents a bottle. 441 may3...deowly&weowly

Straw Hats, Flowers and Ribbons in great abundance at FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co's
151 apr22...dtf

When used for Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Lame Back, Neuralgia, Sprains Bruises, Cuts, Contracted Muscles, Stiff Joints, Corns and Burns, on human beings; and Spavin, Ring Bone, Galls, Cuts, Scratches, etc., on animals, Cousens' Lightning Liniment is unequaled, and its effect simply electrical. As its name suggests, it is quick to relieve, and thousands bear witness to to astounding virtues. Price, 50 cents.
441 may3..deowly&weowly

THE TOLBERT TRAGEDY

THE COURSE OF THE ARGUMENT OF COUNSEL.

The Case not yet Given to the Jury—Speeches of Judge McCay, Solicitor General Hill and Judge Trippe—Gen Gartrell and Major Hillyer to Conclude.

The court room was crowded all day long yesterday. The arguments of counsel attract very close attention from the spectators, who get the benefit of the entire case as made before the jury in this manner better than otherwise.

Judge John I. Hall was present on the bench with Judge Pottle a part of the afternoon, and was an interested listener to the argument in progress

The prisoner was feeble and languid, and seemed to have no interest in what was going on around him He was surrounded by the members of his family.

JUDGE M'CAY

opened the case for the defense in a very able argument upon the law and facts of the case as applied to the theory of the defense The judge expounded the law in lucid and vigorous sentences, making clear every point and honestly striving to prepare the jury for a clear perception of the legal instructions of the court. Upon the facts of the case, as developed by the evidence, he contended that the proof was certain and overwhelming in support of the plea that at the time of the commission of this homicide the prisoner was insane and wholly irresponsible for his acts. He read to the jury a number of facts from authorities and expert sources to show how given facts and conduct was proof of insanity, and illustrating the peculiarities of the disease as manifested in the strange and otherwise unaccountable actions of the diseased person.

Judge McCay then detailed and commented upon the proven facts of this case, seeking to show that they sustained, medically and legally, the plea of insanity. The argument up n this branch of the case was extremely ingenious and instructive and was eagerly listened to.

The effort of the judge was to establish a conviction in the minds of the jury that the habits, temperament and excesses of the prisoner had produced the disease of insanity, and that he was laboring under it at the time of doing the killing, hence was totally irresponsible for the commission of the deed and not a fit subject of punishment by the court and the laws.

The speech was one of great logic and made a permanent impression upon all who heard it.

SOLICITOR GENERAL HILL

continued the argument on behalf of the state. This was his first important trial since his elevation to the office of solicitor general, and his argument in and general conduct of the case were subjects of anxious attention to his host of friends. In the latter they were not disappointed. Mr. Hill had carefully and laboriously studied every point and phase of the case and was armed for the contest in the surest manner. This laborious application to his duty in the manner made itself conspicuous in all that has transpired in the trial of the case.

His argument was an exceedingly fine one in every respect, and was a surprise and gratifying exhibition of superior ability to all who were present. It was a close, consistent, logical and eloquent argument upon both law and facts and a stern appeal for justice in the cause.

Mr. Hill's remarks upon the law, exhibited great research and remarkable familiarity with authorities and rulings upon the subject of insanity when set up as an excuse for crime.

The power of analysis and comparison which made this portion of his argument conspicuous also assisted the jury and spectators to understand the course of the case and to reason out proper conclusions upon the facts produced. Upon the facts themselves Mr. Hill dwelt at length, and built up his argument in systematic order, leaving nothing unnoticed that should have been used, and presenting the case of the state in its strongest and most convincing form. In replying to the positions assumed by the defense, his skill in debate and adroitness in turning the force of argument were made manifest and proved him both ready and able in the qualities most demanded in the emergencies of prosecution. In the general summation of his arguments and in the appeals to the jury Mr. Hill shines as an orator of no mere ordinary powers His pathos was touching and caused tears to flow from many eyes; his innovations for justice and for the vindication of law and the protection of society were eloquent and his peroration admirable and beautiful. There was nothing harsh or unkind in his treatment of the prisoner at the bar, but what he conceived to be his duty, that he performed, and won for him and his abilities the respect and the praises of all who gave him their attention. He spoke one hour and forty minutes and was heard with close attention. It was a real and substantial triumph for Mr. Hill.

JUDGE TRIPPE

followed for the defense. Judge Trippe in earnest and vigorous in action and has as much magnetism in his manner as any advocate at the bar. His thorough knowledge of law, and his power of argument upon the facts are well known, and he is always an acceptable speaker before our courts. Yesterday his argument was a long, exhaustive and exceedingly able one. He dealt with the law in his excellent, logical and precise manner, and upon the facts proven made the burden of his speech depend. With a wealth of illustration and a happy faculty of presentation, the judge kept the attention of the jury and audience hour after hour, and drove home his points with the irresistible power of his arguments and the force of his eloquence As he elaborated and presented fact after fact and applied to them the tests of human experience and observation, his audience followed him with intense interest and his words fell with impressive force. The entire speech was one of great pith and pertinence, and was a masterly exposition of the facts and their influence upon the theory of the defense. Judge Trippe has seldom, if ever, made a better effort before a court.

GEN. GARTRELL,

the leader in the defense, began his argument in conclusion upon that side of the case, but was interrupted by the adjournment of court. He will continue and deliver the greater portion of his address to-day. It will be one of his most excellent and eloquent speeches and will attract no less the attention of a large audience than it will surely impress both the court and the jury.

Major George Hillyer is to close for the state and will make an effort such as his fine abilities warrant the expectation of and as will illustrate his powers as a lawyer and advocate He is fully prepared upon every point and his speech will fully exhibit and urge the case of the state.

The court adjourned to 8:30 a.m. to-day.

A full and complete history of the case and the trial will appear in THE CONSTITUTION at an early day.

Dime Club Last Night.

The ladies of the First Methodist church met at the executive mansion last night for the purpose of organizing a dime club, which should meet every two weeks and be the means of social pleasure as well as a financial auxiliary of the church. The elegant parlors of the mansion were filled with ladies and gentlemen who enjoyed the occasion very much. Governor Colquitt and his lady made the evening one of uninterrupted enjoyment. The young ladies and gentlemen were out in force. A few old-fashioned games were inaugurated and enjoyed to their fullest extent. The dime box, which was conveniently visible on entering the door, was well patronized, and when opened by the committee, contained a mass of silver and nickel which ran up to over $10. The impression created by the meeting of the club last night was in favor of its continuance, and it will become an institution in which the ladies and gentlemen of the First Methodist church may find much pleasure.

The headquarters for fine Jewelry at bottom prices is at
EVERETT'S,
6 Marietta street,
Difficult Watch and Jewelry Work a Specialty.
4tmay1..d1w,26or3dc,1p

Another lot of those French Woven Corsets at 50c, worth $1 00. Also, a full line of latest styles of Neckwear at
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co's.
151 apr22...dtf

TOWN TOPICS.

—Flies are ripe.

—Gardening in Atlanta is becoming a fine art.

—The cold snap has subsided and the reign of the merino undershirt has begun.

—An enterprising Atlanta man raises canaries and finds it profitable.

—Gainesville expects one thousand strangers this summer. Atlanta furnishes one hundred or more each season for that delightful climate.

—Charlotte stands at the other end of the Air-Line and imitates Atlanta. She is talking of erecting a cotton factory at once.

—The nickle club of the Central Presbyterian church had a pleasant meeting last night at the residence of Major A. B. Pratt.

—Porce de Leon had four street car loads of patronage yesterday afternoon.

—The teachers, children and friends of the Central Presbyterian Sunday-school had a pleasant day at Vinings yesterday, returning all safe and happy.

—The meetings at the hall of the Young Men's Christian association are well attended A deep interest has been manifested in them by a large number of young men in the city. They are conducted entirely by members of the association in a unique and interesting manner. Another meeting will be held at the hall to-night. All are cordially invited to be present.

—Considerable number of children in the city are afflicted with sore throat.

—The public school children are thoroughly enjoying this week as a vacation. Regular exercises will be resumed next Monday.

—The Georgia Teachers' convention will meet in this city in August. May has usually been the month for meeting.

—There is one nugget of Georgia gold in the geological bureau worth $100, and it is quite an ordinary nugget, too, for Georgia.

—Several fishing parties are being arranged to leave the city during the present month.

—Half the policemen in the city smile in entirely new suits.

—For women and children, Dr. Wilson's Turkish bath and hygienic treatment is the most *safe, pleasant and effectual.* Separate rooms for them, opposite Markham house 604

—The German club is said to be flourishing.

—A hop at the Markham next week is on the tapis.

—Peachtree street young men are preparing for a grand candy pulling to-night.

—The strawberry crop is reported short and prices still range high.

—The skating tournament last night was largely attended, a number of fancy costumes were displayed, and all sorts of whirleygigs were cut on rollers

LOCAL PENCILLINGS.

—Ben Hill, jr., made a rattling good speech on yesterday.

—General John B. Gordon is in New York at the Hoffman.

—Judge Pottle delivered a rather sensible charge to the grand jury last Monday. He instructed them to investigate both sides of all matters brought before them, where there was doubtful or uncertain points, and to make no indictment where there was not reasonable prospect of conviction.

—An alligator about half a foot long was caught the other day on a branch in Kirkwood on Captain Tom Watkins' place.

—Ex-Governor Joseph E. Brown, accompanied by Julius Brown, left for the Hot Springs on yesterday. Leaving his father at the Hot Springs Julius Brown will make a tour of Texas.

—Major Wilberforce Daniel, late of the Oglethorpe light infantry, now Major of the Augusta battalion, was in the city yesterday. He was called hither by the death of his mother, a most excellent and well-beloved lady.

STRUCK OIL AT LAST.

The Macon and Brunswick Road Begins to Pay Money into the Treasury.

The governor received a letter a few days since from the financial agent of the Macon and Brunswick road, stating that the sum of

FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

was lying in bank subject to the order of the governor. This amount was the surplus profits of the road passed to the state's credit, by order of the directors.

We believe this is the first net cash paid into the treasury from the road. Under the capable and excellent management of Capt. Jno. Grant, the road promises to become a valuable feeder to the treasury, and as a great developer of the enormous pine barrens through which it runs. Capt. Grant is one of the best railroad men in the south, and has a brilliant future ahead.

THE BRISCOE MATTER.

A True Bill Found Against Mr Briscoe, Who Gives Bond.

On yesterday the grand jury of Fulton county found a true bill against Mr. Benjamin W. Briscoe, in connection with the mysterious check that has been so prominently discussed through the newspapers for the past week.

Mr. Briscoe was arrested upon the street, where he was standing quietly awaiting the result of the investigation. He was put under a bond of $8,000, which he gave at once and was set at liberty. We hear that his brother became his bondsman. It is impossible to say as to the probable time of the trial.

Personal.

The York (Penn.) Daily has the following to say of a gentleman well known in this community:

Mr. W. H. Moore, general director of publication and art critic of Howe's great London circus and menagerie, is a gentleman so genial, and, at the same time, so completely booked up in all the artistic and dramatic movements here and abroad, that it is a privilege to make his personal acquaintance. He is a fitting literary representative of one of the best traveling shows the world ever saw, and cannot fail to be appreciated by the people wherever he goes, and the proprietor of the same is fortunate in having so able an editor.

THE COURTS.

The Supreme Court.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA,
May 3, 1877.

After delivering judgments in cases heretofore argued, the court adjourned to the next regular term, to convene on the second Monday in August.

To All, Particularly Invalids,

spring is a trying season. Indications of sickness should at once be attended to. Fatal diseases may be caused by allowing the bowels to become constipated and the system to remain in a disordered condition, until the disorder has time to develope itself. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of curp. is an old and truthful saying. Therefore, we advise all who are troubled with the complaints now very prevalent—headache, indigestion; disordered liver, want of appetite, nausea, or feverish skin, to take, without delay, Schenck's Mandrake Pills. We know of no remedy so harmless and decisive in its action it at once strikes at the root of the disease and produces a healthy tone to the system. People never need suffer from any disease arising from a disordered condition of the liver if they would take this excellent medicine when they feel the first indications of the malady Families leaving home for the summer months should take three or four boxes of these pills with them. They have an almost instantaneous effect, They will relieve the patient of headache in one or two hours, and will rapidly cleanse the liver of surrounding bile, and effectually prevent a bilious attack. They are sold by all druggists.
may1... deod1m

A large and fine assortment of Children's and Ladies' Hose from 10c to $1 00 a pair,
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co's.
1o1apr23...dtf

A SUMMER BONANZA.

A Rush for Northern Georgia—Cool Breezes and Pure Water.

Yesterday afternoon the Air-Line train carried out a party of those fortunate mortals who are able to make life one continued search for pleasure. They left for Gainesville, where they will take private conveyance and make a thorough tour of all that interesting portion of northeast Georgia which sketches in all its varied richness far away from the great thoroughfares of travel, hiding its beauties from all save those who seek the sight of a festive spring wagon, or on the back of the complaining mule. The party consisted of some northern gentleman, who are looking over our state partly with a view of spotting those portions where judicious investments may be made and partly in search of pleasures which wealth throws in lavish abundance into the full lap of luxuriant leisure. They intend to return to Gainesville and pass most of the summer in its magnificent climate.

This is but the van guard of the

GREAT CARAVAN

of the seekers of health and pleasure destined this summer to pour toward the cooling breezes and delightful surroundings of northeast Georgia.

Gainesville found a bonanza in the summer resort business. Last year every hotel and almost every private house in and around the city were crowded with guests who were able to fly from the infections and fevers that cursed the southern portion of the state A much greater rush is expected to begin very soon and to continue until the heated term is over.

It is said that accommodation for fully

SIX HUNDRED PEOPLE

have already been engaged at Gainesville and New Holland and that new applications come almost daily. One fortunate hotel man boasts that he has every room in his house engaged to be occupied by the middle of June.

The falls and the valleys above the thrifty city of Gainesville receive their full share of attention, hundreds visiting them every season. Owing to defective accommodations, the old tenting system is yet largely in vogue. but a number of small hotels are now in process of erect on about Toccoa and Tallulah, and also in the lovely Nacoochie valley Those who have not been through that entire section have no conception of the natural beauty which blesses our old state.

If it is refreshing to a penniless low country-man to read amid the steam and glare of a baking July letters from the lucky tourists who writes almost under a splashing cascade, fanned by the breezes, that call out his blankets at night, how delightful must it be to see the reality of that fair picture of nature and drink its cool inspiration.

Northeast Georgia is just beginning to be appreciated by our own people. It is becoming common to hear people say that they prefer a summer tour through its valleys and mountains, by its clear rivers and glad waterfalls to a long, dusty trip in hot cars through crowded cities and huge hotels, where it is a task to inhale the heated atmosphere.

It is well that the people of this favored region are beginning to arrange for the convenience of those who come to find health and pleasure in it, when nature seems to smile nowhere else.

The indications now are that the coming summer will carry far the largest crowd of tourists to northeast Georgia ever known in that section. Already the beginning has been made. From this on to the first of September the stream of travel to this part of the state will be unbroken, bearing care-worn men, weary mothers, rollicking children and wan invalids to a high region over which the sweetest breezes perpetually sweep and a thousand delights provoke the soul to happiness.

ATLANTA

will catch her share of the summer excursionists, as many of them prefer city life. Our climate is scarcely surpassed in the city, the nights being invariably delightfully cool. The hotel proprietors are assured that there will be a large number of strangers here during the entire summer. There is no danger of an oppressive dullness at any time this year.

Of all the Georgia cities Atlanta affords far the greatest inducements to summer resorters. A large number of Savannah people are expected to make their headquarters in the city for the entire summer.

To Merchants Only.

We receiving, daily, Mobile Cabbage, Potatoes, Beans, Peas, Beets, &c.
SIMMS & LEE.
589 may3...d2t,2d,3dor1b,c,a,b,m,s

UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION

Meeting Here Next Wednesday.

The annual meeting of the Underwriters' association of the south will be held in this city next week, beginning next Wednesday morning and probably continuing the remainder of the week. A very large attendance of representative men from all parts of the south is expected. The association met last year in New Orleans.

Probably about one hundred members will be present at the meeting next week thus making the body one of the most representative of the kind in the whole country.

Important questions of insurance policy will be discussed at the meeting.

The citizens of Atlanta will most gladly welcome to their midst such a company of business men who represent the interests and sentiments of all portions of the great south.

GEO. F. WOOTEN, ESQ., contributes to the Walton County Tidette, the following sketch on the celebration of Memorial Day in Atlanta:

Our Atlanta Letter.

ATLANTA, GA., April 26 1877.

Editor Vidette: "To celebrate great anniversaries is to prepare the way for great events."

The vernal tributes to memory and affection which a twelvemonth in the past were flung with a patriotic profusion upon the sleeping places of our dead, have been scorched by the suns of summer and scattered by the rude autumnal blasts, and to-day the sons and daughters of the south, moved by a deathless devotion to the 'Lost Cause" and its heroic defenders, have redecked with garlands of flowers the graves where sleep the brave defenders of their soil.

The fresh flowers of spring could not shed their perfumes upon sod more sacred than that which forms the soldiers sepulchre, and there they were to-day deposited by the fair hands of women as true and devoted as any that "the beams of the Sun in his beneficent course through the heavens fall upon."

There is no phase of southern character more lustrous and prominent than its devotion to the persons or memories of those who have perilled all for the safety, interest or renown of the southern people. A general like Johnson, or a hero like Hampton, who has linked his name with grand achievements of military science, conceived with a wise forethought and brilliantly executed, is forever installed in their grateful affections; a civilian and a statesman like our own incomparable Hill, who has remained steadfast to the end of the conflict and been most faithful in the hour of severest trial, he too is held in everlasting esteem and remembrance, and there is no honor which his countrymen can find it in their hearts to deny him; and to the unnumbered and unknown, who offered up their lives upon the altars of their country, willing sacrifices, for home and liberty we speak our gratitude in memorial observance and rear aloft the marble shaft and granite column in perpetual commemoration of their invincible daring and peerless worth.

The celebration of memorial in Atlanta always grand and imposing, was to-day peculiarly attractive and impressive, and reflects great credit upon Mrs. Dr. Johnson and her band of noble assistants. It was a spontaneous outpouring of the masses in honor of those whom not to honor were indeed a shame. The procession, consisting of the entire military force of the city, many societies, the mayor and council, and hundreds of citizens was formed in front of the capitol promptly at half past three o'clock, and took up the line of march for the cemetery. The place reached; the soldiers formed a line and stacked arms around the base of the Confederate monument, and the exercises were then opened with prayer by Rev Dr. Gwin, pastor of the First Baptist church at this place.

Mr. Howard Van Epps, the orator selected for the occasion, was introduced, and delivered a very able and eloquent address. The beautiful work of decorating the graves of the soldiers was then begun, and was participated in by people of all classes and conditions in life.

Ah! it was a lovely and ennobling vision to see so fond a mother, in whom "existence stood upon the verge of its decline," bending low her feeble and trembling form and wreathing with flowers the head board that marked some soldier's grave. Her soldier boy, perhaps, was sleeping his last sleep far, far away, amid the hill sides, or way down in some beautiful valley in old Virginia, where she, alas! could not drop the tear of affection upon his grave nor wreathe the laurel round his tomb.

The decorations concluded, the procession reformed and marched back to the city, where a dress parade by the military companies closed the exercises of the day G. F. W.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 3.

Jas A George, Denison, Texas, L M Potter, Chicago; W H Wells, Marietta; E J Fuller, city; C J Clark, Philadelphia; S W Edwards, M C & St L R R; March and child, Texas; Ed S McCandless, Mrs Otis Jones, city; S Young, Ga; Jno A Fitten, city; J M Pace, Ga; L M Hill, Washington, Ga; Sam Casper, New York; Sam'l Buhfulder, New Orleans; John Walsh, Athens; J S Nichols, Marietta; Nathan Landaner, Baltimore, T Ireland, Philadelphia; Mrs C C Menshall and child, N C; Dr T T Powell, city, Dix Fletcher, Marietta; E H Pottle, Savannah; R S Jefferies, B H Hill, jr. city; N A Potts, A & C R R; W D Johnson, John I Hall, Griffin; Pliny Freeman and lady, N Y; Benjamin Olds, Newark, N J; J H White, New York; F L Freyor, Marietta; H T Dunn, Brunswick; Wm H Carter, New York; A D Abraham and lady, J G Truit and wife, Mr Leslie, Mrs W E Glanton, Mrs T O Glanton, LaGrange; A W Hill, Washington, Ga; Jno B Nolan, St Louis; J O Dickens, Knoxville; Edwin P Newton, New York; Robt Abraham Kirkwood; J L Smith and lady, Hogansville; M H Smith, Louisville: C E Harman city; H C Hanson, Barnesville; H H McClure, LaGrange; J H Banks, Gainesville.

National Hotel Arrivals.

ATLANTA, GA., May 3.

John G Nepeler, Knoxville; A P Harris, New York; W P Bonnell, James Fisk, L D Campbell, E M Potter, P H Harrillson, J W Milliege, City; J P Watkins Cincinnati; A J Carver, sr, Eufaula; J T Gordon, St Augustine, Fla; J W B Summers, Covington; Jas Simmons S C; M Stansell, Carlesville; M R Jones, Canton, Miss.

Circular No. 37.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
ATLANTA, GA., May 3, 1877.

To the Farmers of Georgia:

In view of the war in Europe, and the probable scarcity and high prices of breadstuffs and low price of cotton which will prevail, I again respectfully advise that you will by every means in your power increase the area planted in provision crops. I suggest checking your fields of cotton with corn, in rows fifteen to twenty feet apart, one hill at every intersection.

With fair seasons, this will very largely increase the product of corn without a corresponding decrease of the cotton.

I further suggest the planting of the stubble fields in peas so soon as the wheat and oats shall have been harvested.

Pay special attention to the raising every pound of pork possible. Take care of the pigs These suggestions are not designed to alarm or to create a sensation. A word to the wise is sufficient.

"A prudent man foreseeth the evil and hideth himself, but the simple pass on and are punished." Very respectfully,

THOMAS P. JANES,
Commissioner of Agriculture.

A LIBERAL DONATION.

A Connecticut Firm's Gift to an Atlanta Church.

Yesterday Mr. Joseph S. Cook, chairman of the executive committee of the Young Men's Building association of the first Methodist church, received the following letter which will explain itself:

OFFICE OF MALLORY, WHEELER & CO.,
New Haven, Conn., May 1, 1877.

Mr. Joseph S. Cook, chairman executive committee Young Men's Building association, Atlanta, Ga.:

DEAR SIR—In reply to yours of the 26th ult, we hereby authorize you to draw on us for fifty dollars to aid in completion of your new first M. E. church, as stated We shall also be glad to donate what locks, knobs and escutcheons as are wanted, if you will advise us of band thickness of doors etc The goods may be selected by you from our book and samples in hands of the hardware trade of your city. Wishing you all success, we are yours truly

MALLORY, WHEELER & Co.

This donation is most highly appreciated coming as it does from such a distance, and being made in such a generous spirit The gift in money, and the offer to furnish all the locks, knobs, escutcheons, etc., free of charge, will materially aid in the speedy completion of the church. The honors are due in part to the efforts of the Young Men's Building association, but mainly to the christian liberality of a free hearted firm, who have henceforth the best wishes of the first Methodist church of Atlanta

How Hideous are

discolored teeth, and how mortifying they must be to persons troubled with them Yet it is unnecessary that they should be so, since SOZODONT will restore their health and pristine whiteness. Use it, for it is safe, aromatic, and effective. may1—deod1w &w1

WEATHER REPORT, MAY 3, 1877

Reported by R J. Redding, for the Dept. Agriculture.

BAROMETER.

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.
28 944	28.830	28.969	28 848

THERMOMETER.

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.	MAX'M	MIN'M
57°	74°	68°	65°	77°	42°

Maximum heat of the direct rays of the sun..... 145°
Radiation from the earth during preceding night..... 39°

HYGROMETER.

Per cent of moisture in the air				Evaporation.	Rainfall.
7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN	INCHES	INCHES.
66	40	58	55		

ANEMOMETER.

7 A.M—Wind from the..... South-West
2 P.M—Wind from the..... South-West
9 P.M—Wind from the..... South West

APPEARANCE OF THE SKY

7 A.M..... Clear
2 P.M..... Fair
9 P.M..... Clear

PROBABILITIES.
(By Telegraph.)

Indications for Friday, in the South Atlantic States, falling barometer, southeast to southwest winds increasing cloudiness and rain, slightly lower or stationary temperature.

COMMERCIAL.

MARKETS BY TELEMAPH.

Financial.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Money at 2@3½; Sterling firm at 8.
Gold quiet at 106¼@107.
Governments steady new fives 11.
State bonds quiet and nominal.
Stocks closed weak; New York Central 92¾; Erie 6¾; Lake Shore 50¾; Illinois Central 95; Pittsburg 85; Chicago and Northwestern 19; preferred 43½; Rock Island 96⅝.
Sub-treasury balances—gold $79,183,487; currency $41,952,979.
The sub-treasury paid out $59',000 on interest $158,000 for bonds
Customs receipts to-day $418,000.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Cotton firm; middling uplands 11 1-16; middling Orleans 11 5-16; sales 360 bales.
Futures opened steadier.

May	11.10@11.15	July	11 36@11 39
June	11.17@11.19	August	11.36@11.37

LIVERPOOL, May 3.—noon—Cotton active; middling uplands 5⅞; middling Orleans 6⅛; sales 14,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; receipts 3,900; all American.
Futures opened 3-32 higher, but have since become weaker.
Middling uplands nothing below low middlings May and June delivery 5 27-32@5⅞
June and July delivery 5 29 32@5 15-16.
July and August delivery 5 31-32@6 1-32.
August and September delivery 6 1-16.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

LIVERPOOL, May 3.—5:00 P. M.—Futures firm.
Middling uplands nothing below low middlings May and June delivery 5⅞.
NEW YORK, May 3.—Cotton steady; upland. 11⅜; Orleans 11¾: sales 548 bales.
Net receipts to-day— bales; gross —.
Futures closed steady; sales 64,000 bales.

May	11.15@11 17	October	11 25@11.27
June	11.21@11 22	November	11.13@11.17
July	11.31@11.32	December	11,17@11.18
August	11.41@11.42	January	11 28@11.30
September	11.37@11.39	February	11.38@11.42

Net receipts at all ports to-day..... 12,580
Consolidated net receipts..... 8,661
Consolidated exports..... 20,631

GALVESTON, May 3—Cotton quiet; middlings 10⅝; net receipts 43 bales; sales 919 exports coastwise 685.
NEW ORLEANS, May 3 -Cotton quiet; middling s 10⅝; low middlings 10⅜; good ordinary 9⅞; net receipts 335 bales; gross 638; sales 3,000; exports to continent 2,664.
MOBILE, May 3. —Cotton quiet; middlings 10⅛; net receipts 133 bales; sales 500; exports coastwise 50.
SAVANNAH, May 3.—Cotton firm; middlings; 10¾; net receipts 157 bales; sales 167.
CHARLESTON, May 3—Cotton dull; middlings 11; net receipts 283 bales; sales 50.
WILMINGTON, May 3.—Cotton unchanged; middlings 10¾; net receipts — bales.
NORFOLK, May 3. —Cotton steady; middling 10¾@10¾; net receipts 340 bales; sales — exports coastwise 80.
BALTIMORE. May 3 —Cotton quiet; middlings 11 1-16; gross receipts 11 bales; sales 180; spinners 40; exports coastwise 20.
PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—Cotton firm; middlings 11¾. net receipts 51 bales; gross 456; sales to spinners 26.
BOSTON, May 3.—Cotton dull; middlings 11¼; net receipts 183 bales; gross 333
MEMPHIS, May 3.—Cotton firm: middlings 10¾; net receipts 1,426 bales; shipments 1,732; sales 300.
AUGUSTA, May 3.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10¾@10⅝; net receipts 67 bales. sales 279.

Provisions. Grain. etc.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Flour irregular and unsettled and still in buyers favor; superfine western and state $7 70@$7 85; southern flour heavy; common to fair extra $7 80@$7 85; good to choice extra $8 8@$10 00.
Wheat irregular and unsettled.
Corn ½ cent lower; closing a little more steady.
Oats 1@3c higher.
Coffee, Rio ¼c higher, in moderate demand; cargoes quoted 16½@23¾ gold; jobbing 16¾@23 gold.
Sugar more active; refined higher and in good demand; standard A 11⅝; granulated 12¾; crushed and powdered 12¾.
Molasses firm; fair demand.
Rice firm; fairly active; Carolina 5@6¾; Louisiana 4¾@6.
Tallow steady.
Pork higher at $16 00.
Naval stores quiet.
Lard higher; prime steam 10@10¾ new do 10.50; old 10.25.
Whisky dull at $1 12½.
Freights to Liverpool heavy; cotton per sail ¾; steam 4.
CHICAGO, May 3.—Flour in light demand holders firm.
Wheat wheat in light demand: No. 2 Chicago spring $1 61 cash or May; $1 63 June; No. 3 Chicago spring $1 50
Corn active and firm at 52 cash; June 53¾.
Oats active; cash 48; June 43¾; rejected 34.
Rye heavy at 86.
Barley demand light; holders firm at 80.
Pork in fair demand; cash $15 10@$1.
Lard fairly active cash 9.85; June 9.92½; July 10.05.
Bulk Meats easier; shoulders 5⅞; short rib sides 7¾; short clear sides 8.
Whisky steady at $1 10.
At the afternoon call of the board, wheat was stronger; June $1 66; corn higher; June 38¾ cash; oats higher; June 43¾; stronger $15 57½; lard firm 9 92½.
ST. LOUIS, May 3.—Flour buyers and sellers apart, little doing.
Wheat, No. 2 red fall $1 11; No. 3 do. $1 93@$1 96
Corn, No. 2 mixed 49½ 50.
Oats inactive at 42@43¾.
Rye inactive at 88.
Barley nothing doing.
Pork stronger at $15 75.
Lard inactive at 10.
Bulk Meats inactive; nothing doing.
Bacon dull and unchanged.
Whisky quiet at $1 09.
Hogs steady.
Cattle in fair demand; light to fair shipping steers still alive at 4 60@5.00, and exceeds the supply; but heavy grades are slow and very little going.
CINCINNATI, May 3.—Flour weaker; family $3 30@3 50.
Wheat in fair demand; red $1 90@$2 05.
Corn quiet at 54@59.
Oats quiet at 50@55.
Rye dull at 96@98.
Barley dull and nominal.
Whisky steady at $1 08.
Pork inactive at $15 50@$15 75.
Lard in fair demand; steam 9⅞ bid 10 asked; kettle 10¾